TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY. ONE YEAR.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

SIX MONTHS.

ONE MONTH.

every Postoffice District in the State. Will our friends act, or procure the services of some efficient person in our behalf? Believing that the circulation Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its behalf.

#### The Wars of the Organs.

Our readers ought to have a glimpse of the fierce and relentless conflict waged between the Louisville Journal and other organs of the Union party in this State. The Cincinnati Gazette is very extensively circulated in Kertucky, and the editor, now that State lines are not observed, is setting up to be an organ of the Union party in Kentucky, and not without reason. He has been trying to push the editor of the Journal from the triped on which be sits, and deals cut his decrees first on one side and then on the other.

In order that our readers may see the fight as it stands, we publish an editorial of the Gazette and a letter from this city. From this, the Journal men may see how they stand with some of their party in the State. They don't consider it any better than the Democrat. Isn't that awful! Not much better, if any! Another organ of all the Unionism in Tennessee, and a good deal more, slanders the Journal after this fashion: "The fact is," says the Nashville Union, "that the Journal is at heart opposed bitterly to the subjugation of the slavery rebellion, and would oppose the war vehem ently to-day were it not largely interested in contracts and speculations connected with the army. For the present, its purse is deeply interested in the presecution of the war. Its goods are money and negroes."

This organ slanders us and the Journal, too. "The two Copperhead organs in Louisville, he says, "are at last harmonious on one point at least. They are both in favor of Vallandigham's election. We suspected that the quarrel of these two precious newspapers was simply a sham."

The organs may quarrel as much as they please; but the Democrat doesn't deal in shams, as its readers know. In the quarrel of the organs, we should be obliged if they let us alone. Let them say their say to us and not rank us in their company. The Journal has got into bad company, and it is faring just as it deserves to fare. The Gazette shows up its inconsistency and self-stultification, as the

The Louisville letter-writer says the Union men of Kentucky would vote for Brough, the Republican candidate, in preference to Vallandigham, if they could vote. No doubt a large number of them would, but in the mass of them this writer is wofully mistaken.

But that is the business of the organs. It is their quarrel we wish to present. It becomes quite entertaining, and will be more so after awhile. Whether our Congressmen, Governor and Legislature elect will fall on the side of the Gazatte or on the side of the Journal remains to be seen. In the meantime, let the organs grind away for the amusement of the We see the letter-writer wants another organ, seeing that the Louisville Journal has done more injury to the Union party than all the Secesh Journals. Let's have another by all means; the more the merrier. The real Union men, who want the old Union above all things, and no revolutionary process, no new sort of Government out of the ruins of the institutions our fathers us the subscribers, and let the organs quarrel. Nine tenths of the people of Kentucky will be on our side before we are through, unless, indeed, constitutional liberty is lest in the vortex of revolution. Then, amongst a nation of slaves, we hope to be forgotten.

There is, evidently, a peace party in North Carolina. Read the article from the Raleigh Standard. The writer, it seems, is ready to abandon the last-ditch man at Richmond, and for good reasons. It is time the South would consult reason instead of passion. It is true that there is nothing in the conduct of our Government to Invite a return to the Union, but it would be forced to change if there was a peace and Union party in the South. Whenever Union can be had on the terms of the Constitution as it is, and that is made plain to the North, it will not be easy for an Administration to resist the demand for an armistice and a settlement. The Standard notices the fact that the South is losing and has not been able to regain any point of importance once lost. The North has the power, and the only question is, will they use it? That they will, until the issue of Disunion it? That they will, until the issue of Disunion is given up, is plain enough. That the South may long protract the contest is plain enough, or head of department, to offer terms, or actoo; but what is the use, when the charces are they can get what they have had, which is better than what they are fighting for? We President nor any of his secretaries would consent have heard of the last man, the last dollar and the last ditch; but what is a thing worth if you get it after the last man, last dollar and

The editor of the New York Tribune. the real Magnus Apolio of the anti-slavery press, gives his opinion of the party in this State that has just carried the election by the favor of the military. He says he does not claim them as Republicans, Emancipationists or Lincolnites; but they are a great deal ahead of any considerable party in the State when the war broke ont.

That is true. They are a great deal ahead. They are in a progressive condition, and if they get along as well for a year to come as they have done in the past two years, they will be-who knows where? It is as well to consider, however, that there is a limit to progress. The tree will not grow up to the eky, although it is much higher this year than it was last. May be this party will stop. May be it does not know how far it has gone, and will come up standing far behind what it appears to be now. It is a most uncertain body of individuals. The truth is, it is a medley of Radicals and Copperheads; and it remains to be seen if the Radicals will swallow the Copperheads or the Copperheads the Radicals.

Of course he will. The bayonets must be on his side, if used at all. They were in this State on the side of the Democratic party; the party that agrees exactly with the Northern Democracy, according to the organ. They will be used in Ohio, if used at all, on the same side. It will not do to use the tools for one party in Kentucky and against that party in Ohio. We, therefore, must conclude that Vallandigham is safe. In a free election he If the military interfere, it must be for, not against, them. In either event, he will be elected. Hurra for Vallandigham!

date for Speaker, and the said G. C. Smith as a slave State as a part of the Union. may vote for him or a Republican, as suits his The people are thus driven from the Ex-

and the people must be alive to its importance

Of the common sentiment in the South, we have seen nothing which had more the apcarance of reliability than the following rom the correspondence of the Mobile Evening News. It may read like a trifle, but just such trifles indicate the general opinion of the

"The game's up. It's useless calling for us men up to forty-five, for we can't go. Reconstruction on whatever grounds we can get it, say I." These startling words, uttered in a brisk, confident, and shameless tone, awoke me from my dinner torpor as I lay back in my chair in a public house at Tuscaloosa. The speaker was a hale, hearly, old-young tellow of forty-two. His auditors, numbering fellow of forty-two. His auditors, numbering half a dozen, were mostly younger than himself, and apparently as fit food for powder as any class of robust "exempts" as have come within my vision. The various replies in answer to the speaker's discourse were flattering eneugh to him. One of the submissionists exclaimed: "You're right, John. Ad—d old Mississippi refugee, with his family and fifty negroes, stopped at my place yesterday and wanted supplies. Told him I'd see him in purgatory first, to go home and defend his own State, not run off and cat us all up. If having to run off and leave everything to the Yankees ain't subjugation, I'd like to know what is. It's time this thing was stopped, and now I'm ordered out, although my substitute is with Lee, an't must leave my property to take care of itself. I'll be d—dirst." tellow of forty-two. His auditors, numbering

Such ideas as these I have heard recently so frequently advanced by men of property, who, for various reasons, are exempt from military duty, and who have never shouldered a musket or carried a saber, that wealth and patriotism seem incompatible. Now, when it be-comes imperative to lend the aid of their strong arms in support of the cause—"recor-struction," sing they all—sooner than expose their precious persons, or relinquish an acre of their cherished lands.

This is but the news from all quarters of the Confederacy. Everywhere the press is urgng, denouncing, and arguing against the powerful Union sentiment now going on in the South. The tone and temper of Davis' proc amations show the same thing. It is clear to all that there is a strong Union party in the South, which will be in the ascendant in spite of military oppression. There is also a strong Union party in the North, who are kept down by military force from uniting on such terms as would restore the Union.

We do not class the President and his advisers with these last. That they are in favor of a union of these States, and opposed to seession, is clear; but it is far from being so clear that they desire the Union as it was. It has spoken in an apparently semi-official rest of them? manner through Mr. Whiting, who boldly de clares that we cannot "honorably" accept the old Union; that the seeeded States have for feited all constitutional rights to protection, and have only the duty to obey. They assert, practically, that the people of those States are no longer in the Union and the soil has become new territory of the United States. We can thus see that, while they are for preserving the integrity of the territory, they are far from including the rights and privileges of

the old Union in their plan. This makes a sharp line of division between and its defenders. The Democrats are for the old Union and the Constitution, and, if necessary, for a national convention, by which all future causes of disturbance may be removed They are loyal in the true sense of the word, and believe in strict obedience to the Constitution. Leaving out minor shades of differleft, will take the Louisville Democrat. Send ence, we have thus two clearly defined parties in the loyal States: One that is unconditionally for the Union as it was, and the other, headed by the Administration, which

is for a Union provided slavery is abolished. The counterpart of these last is to be found in the Southern States in the original Secessionists, who are opposed to any Union whatever. They have no hope, as their counterpart

in the North has, of forcing their opinions and prejudices over the whole Union. So they accept division and independence as their ultimatum. From these two, which have existed since the foundation of the Republic. we can expect no peaceable solution of the present difficulties. The Administration will accept no terms but unconditional submission. not to the Constitution, but to their preju dices. They will quibble and equivocate and do anything rather than touch any proposition of peace which may defeat their ends. As an example of their policy, the following from the Times is fair:

We think we can safely say that there is no the slightest foundation for these reports, and that the question on which there is supposed to be such a sharp and hostile division of sentiment in the Administration has never been raised, either in the cabinet council or in any cept terms, or discuss terms of peace or of re struction with the authorities of the rebe even to accept a surrender at the hands of Jeffer son Davis, or of the organized government which he represents, if it came in such shape as to involve, directly or by implication, the right o that government to speak for the people of the rebel States. In military matters—in questions growing out of actual operations in the field—the officers of the rebel armies have been recognized and treated as such; but no political recognition ever has been, or ever will be, expended to the authorities of the rebel Confed-

tended to the authorities of the rebel Oonfed This is of course a mere excuse. The pecple of this country would not suffer themselves, if they had the will, to be robbed of the opportunity of re-establishing an honorable peace upon such a mere technical quibble. Lives are too valuable, and treasure too scarce

for them to wish to throw them away. The counterpart of the Democratic party in the South is in what were Unionists and "cooperationists" at the beginning of our present troubles. Their wishes may be seen from th following extract from a letter to the Chicago Times, written from Jackson, Mississippi:

Delegations from many of the towns in the State have arrived here, and expressed their desire to return to the Union. Some of these delegations are headed by the mayors and committees from the Common Councils. A meeting was held to-day, at which some of the leading citizens of Mississippi attended, to con-sider the best means of reorganizing the State Gov rument under the Constitution of the United There can be no doubt of the fact that public sentiment at the South is ripe for restoration. Let the Government of the United States offer terms worthy of its justice and magnanimity, and it will have but little further use for armies. The people of the South wish to return. Will the door be opened? will write you fully on this subject to-mo

tween the Southerners, as represented by these gentlemen, and the Democrats of the North Will such conditions, if presented by the people of Mississippi by the Administration, will beat Brough badly; that is pretty evident. be accepted? We are unfortunately compelled ported killed, by the kick of a horse, a few to admit that they will not. The effort has been made in the case of Louisians. Several to walk about and enjoy a brief leave of abdistinguished citizens of that State visited Washington to induce the President to allow (?) yet Hon. G. C. Smith is going to vote for a them to re establish their old constitution war Democrat for Speaker of the House. The and laws, and were refused. The Adminis-Democra ic party will nominate their candi- tration was opposed to recognizing Louisians

that peace and Union which all loyal men de- Coyle. fancy. Let the Democrats beware of bad ecutive to Congress and the States to secure

The most living, imminent question sire. What they can effect against martial now, both in the North and the South, is the law under the Commander-in-chief is yet in reconstruction of the Union. It is discussed the future, but it is no less their duty to make everywhere. The brilliant success of our the effort. We must strengthen, by all the arms has made this the question of to day, means in our power, that growing spirit in the Southern States by battling like freemen or they will rue it too late. In the Southern against the usurpations of the Administration States we have had frequent indications that and that exercise of power which sets at dethe people were ripe for a restoration, and the sance laws and constitutions, and aims, by nission of Mr. Stevens is believed there to the sovereign will of the President, to create have been an official effort to make terms for such a Union as was never contemplated by our fathers and which cannot peaceably exist for a single generation.

One of the organs, the Cincinnati Gazette, is liberal. It does not claim that our Union party are Republicans. The editor, at the same time, informs us that there is no Republican party; that the organization that elected Mr. Lincoln is defunct and given up; that they are now the Union party. So the snake has changed its skin, but it is the same snake. Some years ago an American party started, and the Abolition party North, or the Free-soil party, subsided. Americans all were sent to Congress, but they turned out to be Republicans. So, under the name Union, the

facts (those touching the late election) as ever mendacity tried its Prentice hand upon, in a leader of a column and a quarter, it makes a singularly fatal admission: "Kentucky forms a part" [not much] "of the theater of war, with a hostile population, the greater portion of which is disfranchised by the laws of the State." Doubtless there is an enormous slander berein-but, for the Journal, an unusual amount of truth. The Simon Pure will forgive you, Mr. Journal. We know it was a dip. You didn't do it a purpose. You will be pardoned, and will do "better next time."

That Democratic meeting at Indianapolis is of the new-fangled Democracy, of which the Louisville Journal & Co. are the organs. Read what the Sentinel says about it.

There is no Kentucky Congressman who does not occupy avowedly the platform of the Union party, says the Louisville Journal; but how many really occupy it?

The Louisville correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette is one of the Union party. Does he stand on the platform, too, like the

#### From the Thirty-Fourth Kentucky.

[Correspondence Louisville Democrat.]

GLASGOW, Ky., Aug. 13, 1863.

Our Adjutant being in the advance of the regiment, was halted by five mounted butternuss who requested him to surrender He imme diately drew his revolver, when a few shots ty the Colonel for his daring bravery.

In the absence of Col. Harney, Lieut.-Col.

Dillard is in command of the regiment; he is
a fine officer, and is well thought of by all the

officers and men in the regiment. The weather is very warm and sultry, but the boys are all in fine health, and doing firstrate under the existing circumstances. In order to keep our friends informed as to our whereabouts, you will receive their thanks for the occasional insertion of a few lines from FRANK, Co. C.

THE AGONY IN RICHMOND.-Jeff. Davis bas had the credit in Europe of producing respectable State papers. He has carefully affected a dignified calmness, and has protested with intense and elaborate hypocrisy against the kind of war inflicted upon his people, and he has had admirers on the score of deportment.
But he has at last lost at once his temper and bis late screech to deserters

held her last, and hevel diagged to held her last, and nevel diagged to held her last, and hevel diagged to held her last, and hevel diagged to held her last, and held her last, and hevel diagged to held her last, and hevel diagged to held her last, and nevel diagged to held her last, and held her l equanimity, and his late screech to deserters equanimity, and his late screech to deserters will be considered in European advertisement of his impotence and despair. It will be observed he admits there are great numbers of

deserters from his armies. He says:

The men new absent from their posts would, if present in the field, suffice to create numerical equality between our force and that of the invaders.

It is likely England will stand by us, if the connection is merely to be a nominal one? Will she equip an army and navy for Lord Monck's salary, or the pride of having Lake Erie with the Republicans! For one, I do not believe it, other and better defined arrangement has a price of the connection.

He goes on to make all sorts of excuses for absentees, that he may, if possible, disguise from them and himself the real reason for their defection, and says they have placed their defection their defection the same than the same than the same than the same than the same that the same than the sam "every thing we hold dear in imminent peril."

ARTIFICIAL ICE .- A great degree of cold is roduced by a mixture of saltpeter and Glauer salts, and there are now manufactured in England and exported to India, &c., in large quantities, chemical mixtures known as freez ing powder, by means of which five pounds utes, at a cost of about 41 per pound. This powder, introduced into a little machine, invented by the same person, may be used upon the table to ice wine or water with the greatest celerity. A bottle of champagne may be

paper, makes it translucent, and gives it the exact appearance of parchment, which it has in a great measure replaced, from its superior cheapness. According to Professor Calvert, of Manchester, England, the same process applied to cotton cloth very much increases its thickness and strength. The cotton thus prepared is technically known as "blanket."

RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- On last Thursday night an omnibus containing a number of passengers, in attempting to cross the railroad track near Cleveland, Ohio, was run into by a switching train. Adjutant Brooks, of the Seventh Ohio, was so badly hurt that he died in a few moments. A man named Patrick Tooner had his arm broken.

Sag Harbor the other day. James Talmadge, a nephew of the Rev. S. L. Mershon, of Easthampton, was drowned while bathing in the surf, and Major-General McClellan and several others, bathing at the same time, were in imminent peril from the heavy undertow.

Capt. Barnitz, Second Onio Volunteer Cavalry, who was severely injured, and reweeks ago, has so far recovered as to be able sence. He is worth a good many dead men

ing together in a vacant lot, in Wheeling, Va., found a small tin box, which turned out to be an infernal machine. They attempted to break it open, when it exploded, seriously in-

PANIC IN CANADA.

Trouble Between the Upper and Lower Provinces-Disunion Deliberately Debated-Thomas D'Arcy McGee's fears for the Fidelity of England-What will Albion do in case Canada is Invaded by United States Forces?

The Canadian papers give unmistakable evidence of an intense state of excitement now prevalent in the provinces, and the question of execution provinces. tion of a separation of Upper and Lower Canada is seriously discussed. In the midst of this Thomas D'Arcy McGee has written a letter, in which he expresses his fears of an invasion of Canada by the United States Proces, and asks the very pertinent question, "Will England stand by us?" His letter, to-gether with significant articles from the leadng Canadian press, are subjoined.

LETTER OF THOMAS D'ARCY M'GEE. To the Editors of the Montreal Gazette:

MESSRS. EDITORS: Theologians instruct us that there are two sins against hope—despair and presumption. Statesmen acknowledge two chief misdemeanors in those charged to keep watch over the safety of a country—rash counsels and blind sel-confidence. It is diffi-cult, they say, to tell which is the greater criminal—the sentinel who raises a mischievous panic, or he who sleeps on his post. The alarmist is a nuisance and may be abated, but the betrayer can never be guarded against, and never sufficiently execrated. In England and never summernty executed. In England the high crimes and misdemeanors, for which the great officers of state may be impeached, executed, and attainted in all their posterity, are of both kinds. The Admiral who neglects to guard vigilantly "the narrow seas" is subject to the extreme penalty. with the Embassador who betrays the secrets of his sovereign to a hostile power and the Cabinet Minister who tenders that sovereign advice subversive of the fundamental laws and liberties of England. Vigilance is thus raised to the foremost rank of ance is thus raised to the foremost raik of political virtues, while negligence is regarded and punished as the worst of crimes. Is our condition in Canada really critical? Are our statesmen vigilant, and on their guard? On what have we te depend in case the avowed designs of the American Democracy against us should be prosecuted to actual hostility? How do we stand "at home?" Is England actified or discateful or distributed and designs of the American Democracy against the work of the contract of the con How do we stand "at nome?" Is England satisfied or dissatisfied with our vigilance and preparedness? In other words, will England stand by us, should the worst come to the worst? These are questions to be asked and answered at Quebec, before the Parliament called for Thursday next should be allowed to adjourn his or seven or eight months. to adjourn. Six, or seven, or eight months of negligence or indifference to the first duty of the state-man—the security of the State— may j. opardize the connection, imperil our may j. opardize the connection, imperil our existence, and lay us prostrate at the feet of the Northern Americans before 1864 is half past. I am no alarmist, but neither can I shut my eyes to the signs of the times. At the Point forty-five miles from this pop Rouse's Point, forty-five miles from this populous city, the heart of Canada, our neighbors have hurried to completion an immense new fortress—Fort Monigomery. The statesmen of Canada ought to go to Quebec via Rouse's Point. They will see there a place of arms, destined to play no feeble part in the contemplated subjugation of their country. They will see, if they are permitted to enter, magazines capable of containing supplies for an army of 160,000 men, and barrack accommodation for a permanent garrison of 5,000 I speak upon no newspaper authority, upon no newspaper authority, upon no newspaper authority, upon no newspaper authority, upon no newspaper authority upon no newspaper authority.

upon no newspaper authority, upon no doubtful information, when I say that the plan contemplated at Washington for the in-vation of Conada is to march 100,000 men up the district of Montreal-"to cut the connec tion between Upper and Lower Canada"—to abstain religiously from intermeddling in our local affairs, but to force a separation of the provinces, by the mere force of an army of oc-cupation, interposing its military barrier to their intercourse. What would follow such Messrs. Editors: The elections are over, but it is not my object to write a political letter; I simply wish to inform our friends and the balance of mankind, through the medium of your valuable paper, that we are back again to our old stamping ground.

We arrived here yesterday after a long and fatiguing march. One little circumstance occurred on the march that is worthy of note. ewer. I hope they are in that position; if they are not they must be forced into it by every possible constitutional pressure. I can well understand English statesmen and economists, when they say that a nominal connection is not worth the expenditure of blood and treasure, which a conflict with America must necessarily impose on England. To answer that argument, not by logic but by facts, not by argument but by actior, we must make the nominal connection real. If we can show that through British America lies the shortest and securest British highway to Japan, China, India and Australia—to Japan and China, shorter by 2,000 miles, to Australia by 900 miles, than any route now existing; if the opening of this British bighway was once fairly begun—would not England then have something to stand by? If there were a crown colony at Red river, and a crown prince presiding over our united destinies in British America, would she not have something to stand by? Then our existence would be wrapped up in hers-our credit would come within one per cent. of hers-we them to consider within themselves, whether it is likely England will stand by us, if the

MONTREAL, August 8.

ments must be entered into; the connection

THE CANADIAN PRESS ON MR. M'GEE'S LETTER. [From the Montreal Transcript, August 12.] Will England stand by us? Such is the heading of a letter addressed to our contemporary, the Gazette, and copied elsewhere, by Mr. McGee. The honorable gentleman seems of rough ice can be produced in fifteen min- all of a sudden to have assumed the armor of we are very glad of this, though such sudden we are very glad of this, though such sudden conversions, and such prominent declarations of them makes one doubt their sinc-rity, and there has not an object in view? Mr. est celerity. A bottle of champagne may be iced in ten minutes for 3d. So great is the stand by us? Gen. Lindsay says she will; intensity of cold produced, that the sparkling contents of the bottle may be actually transformed into a spongy mass.

Artificial parchment is made by dipping thick paper in dilute sulphuric acid. This process increases the strength of the paper, makes it translucent, and gives it the expected Canada would exert herself as far as she could in her own defense, but he saw in the portion of the volunteer force before him, the nucleus of that exertion. The Gazette—Mr. McGee's organ, we now assume—anxious as it is to press this matter of Colonial defense to the utmost extreme, only asks that between forty and forty-five thousand well drilled men should be always embodied, armed and uniformed at the public expense. the present Government is going a great way to meet our cotemporary's wishes. They are to make provision for thirty-five thousand vol-unteers, at an expense of \$780,000 for the unteers, at an expense of \$780,000 for the year; and we have no doubt, as their means increase, and the work of retrenchment and economy goes on, the number of volunteers will be increased to fully what the Gazette and Mr. McGee require. Our cotemporary very much doubts "if there are more than fitteen thousand men now doing duty as volthousand men now doing duty as volunteers, whatever nominal muster rolls may

This is casting a grave imputation upon con manding officers and the volunteers at large. It is insinuating, in fact, that the returns sent to the Government are evoked, and that, as a consequence, the money drawn for the men "nominally" returned, is pocketed by some

The Gazette should not make such imputs tions without being satisfied of their truth; and it should bring them nearer home if they be actually true. Colonel Wiley, if we they be actually true. Colonel Wiley, if we are not mistaken, was sent on a special commission throughout the province to ascertain the numerical strength of the active force, and we should think if it was only as the Gazette represents it, he would have reported the fact, and we should have heard of it before, But, supposing it to be so, the Government surely cannot be blamed for the disinclination of the people—which we co not believe—to enroll themselves as volunteers. If liberal enpeople—which we do not believe—to en-roll themselves as volunteers. If liberal en-couragement is given them, as it appears the present Government are intent upon offering, they can in no wise be held responsi-ble if our young men do not accept and join the ranks. Unless, indeed, the Ga-zette and Mr. McGee would have con-

cription here as well as in the United States and then we fear it might be attended with like results. The truth is, this letter of Mr. McGee's is got up for mere political clap-trap. Why does not the honorable gentleman join a corps himself, and show by example as well as or ecept that he is sincere and in carnest? One of the Gazette does occupy a for a mass m position in the Sedentary Militia, and we have ed member has ever done much to assist or encourage them.

[From the Toronto Leader, August 13.] Mr. McGee has put into an authentic shape hose designs of the Federal Government upon Canada, which have hitherto been only surmised. He states, as from positive knowledge in his possession, that the Washington authorities contemplate the conquest of Canada by throwing an army of occupation of 100,000 into Montresl. This is the most start-ling intelligence that has been broken to the Canadians during the past half-century. It seconds with the hints, a thousand times re-peated, of the Federal press, and with the as-pirations of Mr. Secretary Seward. There can be no doubt about the bona fide character

of the information of Mr. McGee.

The duty of the Government, in this emergency, is clear; but what can we expect from a ministry inclined to act upon the maxim that the best defense of Canada is no armament at all? The present session ought not to pass without an efficient militia bill being passed. The subject possesses an interest exceeding that of every other question before the Canadian public, and we shall have occasion to treat it at greater length hereafter.

[From the Montreal Witness, August 12.] A Western paper, referring to the threat of some of the Lower Canada journals, that they will demand a repeal of the Union if the representation by population question is passed, states that Upper Canada will not permit a repeal, nor give up its right to the common use of the St. Lawrence, and intimates that the time is coming when the people will take the representation into their cwn hands and settle it. In what way the people will settle it. t. In what way the people will settle it, ther than through their representatives in Parliament, he does not indicate. If the Conservatives are willing to unite with the Liberal party to obtain what most concede to be a just measure, it can become law. But rather than force the measure, perhaps it yould be better to labor to convince Lowe Canadians of the reasonableness and the justice of the demand. Our object now, however is not to deal with this question, but to poin out the inconsistency of our cotemporary is an extreme pro-Southern sympathizer; h people of Upper Canada will not permit the re-peal of the union of the provinces; neither will the North allow secession. Upper Canada demands the free navigation of the St. Lawrence. The Western States will not consent to the outlet of the Mississippi being under guments against repeal here, are just as valid against secession south of us. We only point out this inconsistency to show how unreason-able and unjust some men are in their treatment of others.

From the Ottawa Union, August 11.] Because the Government, it is alleged, does not command a majority in Lower Canada, it must go down. If this be true it may be sug-gested with equal reason, how can the oppo-Carter combination. In any case, bluster wi! strength to hear of party leaders boasting what they can and will do at the approach Promises are made circumstances that generally fail to be ful-

## [From the Cincinnati Gazette.]

The Louisville Journal. The Louisville Journal is in the position of mariner sailing without a compass; or of a politician trying to sustain a policy opposed to his principles. At any rate, that which it lays down for principles are no principles; and that which it seemingly intends for logic is but a mere jumble of contradictions. The Journal set out a few days ago to transfer the Union party of Ken ucky to the Vallandigham party of Ohio. We asked our cotempor-ary how he could, while professing to be a war man, support an anti-war man. We showed that Mr. Vallardigham always has been, and is now, and says he will continue to be, opposed to the war, that he favors the withdrawal of the Union armies, and the making of peace with the Confederacy. We showed further that the platform of the party that nominated him is silent as to the war; and we further stated that neither the speakers nor the presses supporting Mr. Vallandigham disavow h's principles, nor take any different ground from that laid down in the Columbus platform. Yet the Journal says the party supporting Mr. Vallandigham disapprove his principles, and that while they vote for an anti-war man they favor a war pilicy. This is not complimentary to the Vallanligham people. But if we should admit the Journal's propasition, le: us see how it would work. Mr. Wickliffe, the defeated candidate for Governor of Kentucky, is a better war man than Vallandigham; yet the Journal denounced bim as a Secessionist. According to the Journal's logic, however, the people of Kentucky might have elected him without placing themselves in opposition to the war, or without injury to the national cause. The Wickliffe party, in fact, favor the prosecution of the war upon conditions, while the Val-lindigham party are in favor of withdrawing our armies and stopping the war. The re-cord, therefore, shows the Wickliffe party to be more of a war party than the Vullandig-ham party, and that the Louisville Journal.

while it opposed the former, favors the latter!
The Journal has placed itself in a ridiculous position. This is nothing new. It is precisely the position it has occupied since the first call for 75,000 volunteers. We presume it will for 75,000 volunteers. We presume a win continue to be inconsistent so long as it tries to carry a Union face upon Secsision princi ples; but it has no right to make the Union party of Kentucky ridiculous by persisting in its claims to the organiship of the men who elected the Bramlette ticket. With reference to order 38, the Journal

says:
"The Journal approved the order ap exclusively to places within the sphere of mll itary operations. It did not approve the order as applied to the State of Ohio or to any other

place beyond the theater of war."
That is it was a good order for Kentucky, but a very bad one for Ohio. Turning, however, to another page of the Journal, we flud the following, with reference to a speech made by Gen Burnside in Lexington: "He complimented Kentucky in a highly flattering manner, stating that he had for

it the most loyal State in his department, and had so reported at Washington. He had found more strictly loyal men here than in Oblo or Indiana, though the latter was his birth place. We shall not, however, attempt to give his speech, though brief, lest we may do him injustice, for we took no notes. The most of those who heard him seemed not only pleased with his soldierly appearance, but with what he said, and to entertain the fullest confidence he said, and to entertain the fullest confidence in him as a commander.

"Since his assumption of the command of the Department of Ohio, Gen. Burnside has had heavy duties to perform. In the absence of his Ninth army corps, Morgan has invaded Kentucky, Indiana, and Ohio, and in his wake has followed the Louisians chief, Scott; yet under his guidance the Union troops have nobly succeeded. Gen. Burnside is evidently doing his whole duty to the best of his ability, and the people honor him for it."

Kentucky, then, is a more loyal State than Ohio; yet "Order 38" is good law in the former, while in the latter its execution justifies the people in electing a man more disloyal

the people in electing a man more disloyal than Wickliffe, Governor; and the Journal favors this course, and transfers the victorious Union party bodily to the embrace of Vallandigham organization.

the conclusion arrived at by a Louisville cor respondent, whose letter we print this morning, relative to the course of the Journal, its position and its influence.

BAND."—Among the claims for damage sus-tained in the late riots, and filed with the Comptroller yesterday, was one by Mrs. Ann Garney, "for loss of husband." She claims \$5,000.—[New York Express.

[From the Indianapolis Sentinel, 18th.] The "War Democracy."

Some sentlemen who were once connected with the Democratic party—like His Excellency O P M., and they all now stand upon the same Black Republican platform—have issued a call no doubt under the instruction of the drillsergeant has, with his brother officers, been
assiduously preparing himself for the changes
and chances of war. Why does not Mr. McGee do the same? There is a fine Irish company in the Prince of Wales' Brigade—we
pany in the Prince of Wales' Brigade—we
have not heard that our honorable and learnlistory will justify us in saying that he, she or
have not heard that our honorable and learnlistory will justify us in saying that he, she or
have not heard that our honorable and learnlistory will justify us in saying that he, she or it, as the case may be, is influenced by an unselfish or patriotic consideration. Individuals, parties and Governmental administrations are alke influenced or moved by motives, or some impelling cause. The "War

tives, or some impelling cause. The "War Democrats," as they describe themselves par excellence, must have some object in view in alling a meeting of their party (and an omnious wil hold them) in the present juncture of colitical affairs. What is it? That's the rub, or the question which would puzzle the brain f an acute Philadelphia lawver to unravel. What do the self-styled War Democrats propose to do? Not to go outside of our own State, what is he record of the Democratic party of Indiana? Is there a Democrat who is in favor of re-toring the Union and maintaining the Con-

titution and the Government as they came rom the wise, good and patriotic men who ormed and established them, that cannot stand upon the platform of the Democratic party with the proud consciousness that he is battling to preserve constitutional liberty? Not one. On January 8th, 1862, there assembled in this city, according to usage, a State delegate convention of the Democracy of Indiana. The party was fully repre-sented. It was called in view of the crisis then impending in public affirs, and that convention, composed of the representative men of the party in Indiana, expressed its views upon the issues before the country. It also minated candidates for the State offices to be filled at the ensuing fall election. After a thorough canvass of the issues presented in the resolutions of the convention, the candithe resolutions of the convention, the candidates which it nominated were elected by a decided majority upon a full and fair vote of the people. What did that convention say in reference to the terrible civil war which then had been inaugurated and was being vigorously prosecuted? We copy the following sentiment from the resolutions of that convention:

and of the integrity of the Union under the onstitution." Mark well these words. Can any of the socalled "War Democrats" object to this plat-form or enunciation of the sentiment of the Democratic party? Is any Democrat unwilling to sustain with all his energies a war for the to sustain with all his energies a war for the maintenance of the Constitution? From its inauguration to the present time has not that been the great purpose and object of the Democratic party? Such was the consideration which influenced and controlled Jefferson, and Madison, and Jackson, and all who have adhered to the Democratic faith. And it was not only to maintain the Constitution inviolate, but the integrity of the Union under that sacred charter of civil and that there were but two roads before the enough for "War Democrats" to stand upon?
Can there there be higher, more noble, or patriotic purposes than those enunciated by the Democratic State Convention of Indiana and the Position assumed by that convention, and they have given every evidence that they will sustain, with all their energies, and of the integral of civil and the contest of Northern armites and of Northern armites. that they will sustain, with all their energies, a war for the maintenance of the Constitution and of the integrity of the Union under the Constitution. Can there be a more loyal, a more patriotic or a stronger Union sentiment than that? There can be none expressed, and the Democracy of Indiana intended all they

Union and the principles upon which it was ouade'.
It will be discovered, and at no distant day, that the self-styled "War Democracy," or the leaders of the movement, care less for the Union, for constitutional liberty and for Democratic principles than they do for their personal aggrandizement. If honest in their expressed convictions, they would affiliate with the Republican party, for they are identified by the Republican party, for the republicant party is a supplication of the republicant party in the republicant party is a party in the republicant party in the republi tical in sentiment. But there is evidently an object in this new organization. The prominent men engaged in it are political prominent men engaged in it are political gamblers. It is gotten up with the purpose and hope that it may secure to its leaders po-litical preferment and the crumbs of efficial patronage. These purposes are so apparent that the Republican leaders will be the veriest doits if they are caught with the chaff so freely thrown out to entrap them. As they used the Breckinridge movement in Indiana n 1860 they will give "aid and comfort" to the "War Democrats" at the present time for the purpose of perpetuating in their hands the political power which the election of 1860

rofessed in regard to their devotion to the

#### From the Cincinnati Gazette.] Kentucky Unionists and Kentucky

Eds. Cincinnati Gazette: Every effort seems to have been made, by papers and politicians, to have been made, by papers and pointerans, to prevent the opinions and principles of the cluzzes of Kentucky from being knewn. While we have had two leading papers in our city, both claiming to speak for the Union men of Kentucky, neither never were the exponents of the opinions of the Union men of Kentucky Hence, many good Union men out Kentucky. Hence, many good Union men out of our State have been led to doubt the true position of the Union men of Kentucky. One of those papers is now claimed and patron-ized by the open and avowed Secessionists and traitors. The other, which claims to be the organ of the Union men of Kentucky, and is akes to itself great credit for our late glori-ous Union victory in Kentucky, is not ac-knowledged by the Union men of Kensnowledged by the Union men of Kentucky as much better, if any, than the Democrat, which lately was called a Union paper. Be it known to the whole world, that the Louisville Journal does not represent the Union men of Kentucky. It never did, and

never will. are not Whigs, and they are not Southern rights men. They are men who love their country, their form of Government, and are men who despite all party agreement the rights men. They are then was rive their country, their form of Government, and are men who despise all party names and ties, that conflict with their duty to their country. They are, and always have been, opposed to Secession, disunion and disloyalty. They are, have are, and always have been, opposed to Secession, disunion and disloyalty. They are, have been, and ever will be, opposed to the rebellion; they look upon it (the rebellion) as the most preposterous farce of folly and wickedness the world ever saw or witnessed. The Union men of Kentucky are, and have always been, in favor of coercion and subjugation of the rebels, compelling them to submit to the land. The Union men of Kentucky love the Southern people. They are their friends and relations. Still, while they love them as their friends, fellow-countrymen and relations, they are determined to put down the wicked and unnatural rebellion, cost what it may—even at the expense of their sides and relations. cost what it may—even at the expense of their lives, their lands, their slaves, and all else

ave their honor. Let not the Louisville Journal, or any othe journal, think it is the exponent of the opin-journal, think it is the exponent of the opin-jons and principles of the Union men of Ken-tucky, unless it holds to these principles. The writer knows that it is a common opinion that the Louisvike Journal has done more injury to the Union party in Kentucky than injury to the Union party in Kentucky than all the Secession papers ever published in Kentucky. We want a paper in Kentucky that will reflect the views, opinions and principles of the Union men of Kentucky.

Breckinridge, Magoffin, Buckner, and all other Kentucky traitors, never did the Union party as much injury as the Louisville Journal.

Kentucky was ever true to the Union, even when a traitor Governor refused to lurnish men upon the call of the President of the United States, and when the same Governor United States, and when the same Governor declared Kentucky neutral, and when the Louisville Journal indorsed and approved of it. Those were Union principles, were they? Yet the Union men of Kentucky repudiated both. The Union men of Kentucky have no paper to speak through. They can, will and do, speak through the ballot-box, and when they speak, it is for the Union without conditions or reservations.

we are told by the Louisville Journal, in we are told by the Palace of the party in Ohio that supports Mr. Vallandigham for the Governorship, agree in principle with the Union party in Kentucky. It is a slander upon the Union men of Kentucky. There is not a true Union man in Kentucky who would not for Mr. Vallandigham for Governor of not a true Union man in Kentucky who would vote for Mr. Vallandigham for Governor of Ohio, or who would affiliate with a party which would vote for him for any office.

The Journal certainly knows that every Secessionist, Disunionist, traitor and Wickliffe-Harney man in Kentucky, would vote for Mr. Vallandigham, and they ought to know

liffe-Harney man in Kentucky, would vote for Mr. Vallandigham, and they ought to know that every true Union man in Kentucky would vote for Mr. Brough, in preference to Mr. Vallandigham, if they could vote. Do not the editors of the Journal know that the first rebel encampment in Kenucky was named Vallandigham, by a rebel Colonel now in the rebel army? If they do not, no doubt Mr. Vallandigham does. He has always been considered by the rebels as their ally and friend.

From the National Intelligencer. The Reaction in North Carolina.

The Union feeling in North Carolina appears to be constantly gathering strength, while the desire for peace seems to be almost universal. The Raleigh Standard of a recent date gives expression to this feeling in an article of great boldness. It copies an article from the Raleigh Daily Progress, which exrom the Raleigh Daily Progress, which ex-presses great fear that unless the war is soon topped slavery will be obliterated, &c., and

an be obtained on our own terms; the werful nations seldom succeed in doing that What the great mass of our people desire is a cessation of hostilities and regotiations. If they could reach that point they would feel that the conflict of arms would not be renewed, and that some settlement would be effected which would leave them in the future in the enjoyment of life, liberty, and happiness.

enjoyment of life, liberty, and happiness.
"It is a great crime, especially at a time like this, to conceal the truth. We intend to tell the truth as far we know it, let the consequences be what they may. From the beginning of the war until the present time the enemy has slowly but surely gained upon us; and but for the extraordinary endurance and enemy has slowly but surely gained upon us; and but for the extraordinary endurance and courage of our troops, his fleg would now be floating at the capital of every State. We have lost Missouri, Maryland, Kentucky, Tennessee, the Mississippi Valley, Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and considerable portions of other States. Vicksburg has fallen, as we feared many months ago it would. Port Hudfon taller. Charleston, Mobile, and Savannah will probably go next. Gen. Lee is attempting to retire from Maryland with his spoile, but no substantial victory has crowned his arms. We are weaker to-day than when he crossed the are weaker to-day than when he crossed the Potomac into Maryland. Our recruits in the way of conscripts will scarcely keep our regiments full, and we cannot hope to add matements full, and we cannot nope to and materially to our forces. Our fighting population is pretty well exhausted. Everybody knows this—the North knows this and so does Europe. On the contrary, our enemies, flushed with triumph, have a large army in the field, and their President has just called for three hundred thousand more. He will get

convention:

"That we will sustain with all our energies a war for the maintenance of the Constitution and of the integrity of the Union walkers."

and just as our cause is, we see no indications that Providence is about to interpose in our behalf. The war, then, will go on. One side or the other must conquer. Will five millions of whites conquer twen'y millions of the same race? Will they conquer a peace on the very soil of these twenty millions? Not in any event, if these twenty millions possess ordinary manhood and will fight. They fought at Sharpsburg

> them only by guerrilla warfare, is most proba-bly to be conquered. It does not follow that a nation is not conquered because all is-troops, or a considerable portion of them, are not whitped or captured. Whipped we never have been, and never will be; but we may be overcome by mere physical force. Such was the fate of Poland, flungary, and Ireland. It is no disgrace to a people to be overpowered by mere brute force, if they resist manfully and desperately. No troops since civilization deavor to interpret the workings of Providence deavor to interpret the workings of providence in the affairs of nations. The birth of a nation, on this planet is a great event. If it should please Him to build up and perpetuate this new nation of Confederate States, He will do it; if not, He will not do it. This is all we

ense, and to discard passion. That peace cannot be obtained by fighting merely is now apparent to all. In the language of a highly intelligent friend who writes us from a county bordering on the South Charlier. bordering on the South Carolina line, 'the people are tired of this awful war. It must end at some time, and there must be a start-itg point to an end. Let our next Congressional elections turn on the propositions, that Congress shall appoint commissioners to meet others on the part of Lincoin to make an honest effort to stay the effusion of blood, by by an honorable adjustment. Let what these commissioners may do be submitted to the people. If they approve it peace will be the result; if they reject it the war will be re-newed and continued indefinitely. If an honorable peace were tendered by the South and rejected by the North, desperation would then nerve every Southern arm and our peo-ple would share a common sate and fill a common grave. But this awful result, it seems to us, may be averted. It may do much good and can do no harm to talk—to negotiate or

and can do no harm to talk—to negotiate or pave the way to negotiating while we fight. "We spoke justrow of the worst befalling our people as the result of this war. What is the worst? It would be the condition of provincial dependence on the Federal Government, each State being ruled by a military governor, as Tennessee is, and the emancipation of our slaves in our midst. That would be the worst. our doom? Must the sword still wave and the strong arm of physical lorce still exert itself, and no effort be made by mental and more means to close the war? Why, North Amerimeans to close the war? Why, North American savages sometimes bury the tomahawk and meet together to smoke the pipe of peace. Are we of the North and South—Christians as we profess to be-more savage than the sav-

"These are sad truths, but we feel it to be our duty to lay them before our readers. We do not censure others for entertaining their

through which Morgan passed in making his

raid into Indiana: Harrison. Washington, Scott, Jefferson, Jennings, Ripley and Dearborn—seven in all. The towns and villages, as they appear upon the map, through which he passed during the same incursion, are as follows. We italicise the county towns:

Mauckport, Corydon, Salisburg, Palmyra, Salem, Canton, New Philadhlphia, Centerville, Vienna, Lezington, Hindsville, Paris, (near) Vernon, Dupont, Bryansburg, Versailles, Pierceville, Milan, Weisburg, Hubbel's Corners, New Alsace, Dover, Logan and Harrison,

following railroad:
New Albany & Salem, Jeffersonville & Indi New Albany & Salem, Jeffersonville & Indianapolis, Madison & Indianapolis, Ohio & Missis-ippi, and Indianapolis & Cincinnati. He crossed those roads at the following points: N. A. & S., Salem; J. & I., Vienna; M. & I., Dupont; O. & M., Pierceville; I. & C., Weisburg; and the State line at Harrison.

Morgan was in the S ate five days from the time he landed at Mauckport (July 9th), until he crossed the State line (July 13.h.) he crossed the State line (July 13.h.) distance traveled between those points sidering the route taken, is about 200 miles He averaged about forty miles p Grierson's and Morgan's raids are parallels in history.

England Preparing for War.—Captain Travers, of Her Majesty's 17.h regiment, was in Guelph last week. We learn that he was sent out, along with nine other officers, by the British government, for the purpose of making a preliminary topographical survey of a military road back of the lakes, to extend from some point near Ottawa to Lake Huron. This read would be of great service in time of war, as it would enable troops and munitions to be removed from place to place with comparative safety. At present nothing may be done beyond surveying the best line of road.—[Montreal Gazette.

known journalist, died in Pittsburg on Tue day evening, in his forty-fifth year. Mr.

South side Green Street, two doors be low the Customhouse. W. E. HUGHES, State Printer,

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1863.

	-4 -1 -	BF - 11 -
Arrival and Closing the Louisville	Postoffic	Malis a
	Arrives.	Closes.
First Eastern and Northern	1:30 A. M.	7:80 P.
Second "	1:30 P. M.	12 nigh
First Western and South-		130-1
western	9:00 A. M.	7:30 P. 3
Second Western	9:00 P. M.	12 nigh
Nashville and Southern Kentucky Louisville and Lebanon rail-	6:00 P. M.	12 nigh
road	6:00 P. M.	12 nigh
Louisville and Lexington railroad	7:15 P. M.	12 nigh
Louisville and Bardstown railroad	9:30 A. M.	12:30 P. 1
Cincinnati Mailboats Louisville and Evansville		9:00 A. 3
Mailboats *		1:00 P. 1
Shelbyville Mail		
Shawneetown (Tri-weekly), Taylorsville and Bloomfield	6:00 P. M.	
(Tri-weekly),	4:00 P M.	8:00 A.

(Tri-weekly). 4:00 P. M. 8:00 A.M. \*Arrives fondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, and closes Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. Mails for way-offices close at 9:00 P. M. on all routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at wight.

night.
The mailboats for Cincinnati carry only way-mails, except on Sundays, when the Eastern mail is sent by that route.

No Sunday mails on the Louisville and Lexington railroad, Bardstown Branch railroad, Lebanon Branch railroad, and Shelbyville route.

The Box Delivery will be kept open until 9 P. M. Sundays—open from 8 to 9 A. M. Deliveries closed on Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 noon for advertising.

## CITY NEWS.

JOB PRINTING. The JOB DEPARTMENT in the Bemocrat Office is now ready for all kinds of print-Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., printed at the shortest possible notice, and at prices to suit the times.

CARTER ZOUAVES .- One of the best troupes that travels is the Carter Zouaves, now performing in this city at Masonic Temple. On the opening night the spacious hall was well filled, and the audience last night was larger than that of the previous. The Grand Old Folks Concert was rendered in a style that would ing Bird song, with imitations, was executed who had run away from Col. Redman upward in a manner which we have never heard equal- of a year 2go, and came to this city. Some samum, which I have found valuable. I now ed. The Zouave drill, which is the perfection of exact and regular movement, was warmly received by the large audience. The lightning rapidity with which they execute every movement is truly wonderful, and we doubt if there is an old and well drilled company that can stack arms with the same ease these children do. The whole entertain ment is one of the best we have ever witnessed, and where all do so well it is impossible for us to speak of any particular one. Those of our citizens who wish to spend a pleasant and profitable evening, should go to performances of this excellent troupe.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS-Tuesday, August 18. There was considerable business transacted in the Police Court this morning. The following cases were disposed of: Thos. O'Haron, drunk and disorderly con-

duct: \$100 for three months. Pat. O'Neil, drunk and disorderly conduct;

\$100 for three months. Christ. Sherley, drunk and disorderly conduct; \$100 for three months.

Oscar Roberts, charged with shooting and \$500 to answer a felony in the Circuit Court. Johanna Murphy, drunk and disorderly conduct; discharged

William Burt, stealing a watch; continued. William Watkins, stabbing Jacob Henry; continued until Saturday.

George Scott vs. Joseph Hambrick, peace bonds to keep the peace toward each other.

Another old citizen has gone, whose an offier and citizen, has passed on to the killed and two wounded. land of spirits. The directors of this institu tion, of which he was so long the presiding in another column, truly stated that he was a business transactions commanded the respect | Morris Island, and all efforts to raise it had and esteem of all who knew him."

The tobacco manufacturers of this city are requested to meet at the office of the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse this morning, a convention in this city of the Western his conviction. manufacturers, in order to consider certain regulations in reference to the inspection of weights of manufactured tobacco.

Our citizens will remember that the ordinance which passed the Council some time is edited with decided ability. Leonard H since, requiring citizens to clean the gutters | Miller is editor and proprietor. in front of their residences and business houses at least once a week, is now in force. The police have received instructions to see that this ordinance is rigidly enforced, and they will report all who fail to obey it.

TENNESSEE MONEY .- The Nashville Dis- on \$200 bail. patch says that the country people in that State, at a little distance from Nashville, rethey have to sell. The Dispatch claims that the Tennessee banks are as solvent as they were last year, but does not tell how solvent brace of death. they were at that time.

Careless and fast driving is no rarity on the State. upper end of Main street.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS .- We take pleasure in directing the attention of parents and guardians to the advertisement of Mr. Huntoon, announcing the reopening of his school on Monday, the 7th of September next. His reputation as a teacher will insure him full classes.

LOST .- W. G. Reasor, our good looking city attorney, lost, on last Sunday, a fine diamond breastpin. The finder will receive a liberal reward by returning t to him.

The Jeffersonville railroad company will run two excursion trains to Indianapolis this evening and one tc-morrow morning.

See advertisement in another column. Messrs. Ebrick & Palmer, news agents, and Mr. Hester, Adams Express messenger, have our thanks for Cincinnati papers in ad-

vance of the mails. Officers Thomas Antle and Joel Lambourne arrested a free negro named Henry

Green yesterday for robbing a slave of Dr. Way of \$7.

The city yesterday was exceedingly quiet, but litt e being done either in military covered in the San Francisco Mountains, lying or civil circles so far as we could learn.

east of the Colorado river. Thanks to Mr. Robt. S. Lukenbill, messenger of the Adams express company on the Nashville railroad, for favors.

Yesterday was another warm day, the thermometer standing as high as 90 in the

It is reported that the draft will comnce in New York to-day.

A LOAD OF IRON RAISED .- One of the greatest feats ever accomplished on the Western waters has just been performed by Capt. Perry McNeely, of Petersburg, Ky. Some time since the Captain came to our city with his bellboat for the purpose of raising a load of pig iron that was sunk at the foot of Preston street some time in February last. The boat sunk contained one hundred and seventy-five tuns of iron, and was sunk in over twenty foot water. Owing to the time that it was

gaged in raising another load of iron sunk near the tow-head. HIGHWAY ROBBERIES IN MISSOURI.-We learn from the St. Louis Democrat that the Wednesday night stage from Lebannon was attacked at 11 o'clock, P. M., two miles above the "California House," by a party of six guerrillas, whom the stage escort, consisting of four mounted men, repulsed, wounding one of the robbers. The scoundrels had kirtired to the right, to wait till the stage party arrived between themselves and the light of the fire. As the advance man of the escort came opposite, the villians blazed away at him, harming no one, but instantly received a site the National Hotel. His friends will bear return fire that put them to flight. Among the passengers were Capt. Smith, of the First

the country. The Captain is at present en-

on the telegraph wires were found cut and tied in knots. On the same night the stage from Rolla for Springfield was attacked four miles from Rolla, and completely sacked and robbed. The mail, the passengers' baggage, money, and even the horses, were taken-only the wagon and the stripped victims were left-the latter to make the best of their way back to Rolla. About a mile above the "California House" a family residence was entered by the same band of villians and robbed.

Arkansas infantry, a Lieutenant, a Surgeon,

and a telegraph repairer. Four miles further

DIABOLICAL MURDER.-We learn from the Memphis Bulletin, that Col. Redman, a well known citizen of Crittenden county, Arkansas, was murdered in cold blood on the 2d of weeks ago the negroes returned, and commenced depredations on the property of the Colonel-stealing horses, mules and other property. On the night of the 2d, they went to the house of Mr. Redman, and made some disturbance, which brought him out of the house, when they immediately shot him, the ball producing a mortal wound. Three of the criminals have been arrested, and confessed their guilt.

RELEASED .- Mrs. Judd, who was sent to Alton, Illinois, from Nashville, several months ago, by the military authorities, to be confined Masonic Temple and witness the wonderful during the war, has been released, as we learn from the Alton Democrat, on condition that she will take up her residence in Minnesota until the close of the war, which condition she has accepted. Mrs. Judd, it will be remembered, was engaged in carrying contraband goods from this city to Nashville.

HYDROPHOBIA - Physicians inform us that dogs are more liable to go mad about this time than at any other season of the year.
We observe a great many worthless curs running at large, unmuzzled, notwithstanding the Mayor's proclamation, and we take this occawounding Henry Oldham with intent to kill; sion to call the attention of the Chief of Police of the city to the fact

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT .- Two or three cars of one of the trains of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, conveying the Fifty-first Pennsylvania regiment, Ninth corps, ran off the track, a little east of Shoals, Sunday evening, by which two soldiers, who were riding warrant. The parties were placed under on top of the cars, were killed, and three or be paid to filling orders.

E Bamberger & Co. four wounded, but not dangerously.

We learn from the Memphis Argus loss will be greatly deplored. James Mar- that the Fif.h Ohio cavalry which had been sent shall, who has long held the responsible po- out on a scout, was on its return ambushed sition of President of the Franklin Bank of by a superior party of rebels. The Fifth at once Kentucky, and who was universally esteemed | made a charge and were successful in cutting for his noble and generous qualities, both as their way through, but suffered a loss of two

THE BIG GUN LOST OVERBOARD.-It is re officer, have, in their proceedings, published ported by passengers by the Arago, that the 300-pounder Parrott rifled gun, recently sent man of "a high sense of honor," and that to Charleston to be used against Fort Sump-"his urbanity and courtesy in his social and ter, was lost overboard while being landed on proved unsuccessful.

The rebel spy who was arrested in Cincinnati on Sunday was named McGroarty. He admitted that he had held a commission in a rebel Louisiana regiment. Papers were found on his person that will probably lead to immediately after the last sale, for the pur- a rebel Louisiana regiment. Papers were pose of considering the propriety of holding found on his person that will probably lead to

The Morgan (Ind.) Express, the organ of the Democracy of that county, commenced its regular publication last Thursday. It presents a very neat mechanical appearance and dies.

Edward Boyle, for having in his posses sion horses abandoned in the pursuit of Morgan in Ohio, was before the United States Commission in Cincinnati on Monday. His case was set for the 25th and he was released

A man while riding in the railroad cars from St. Louis to Chicago, on last Sunday, fuse-to take Tennessee money for anything died. He was sitting in his seat, and when the conductor went to awake him it was found that he was locked in the cold em-

The political campaign in Ohio is pro-About two o'clock yesterday a little child was run over, on Main street, above the class of the Democracy.

The political campaign in Ohio is product better work than can be bought in the stores, and their shirts are made from measure very favorable to the cause of the Democracy. Jackson. When Dr. Will, Mathews last saw Large Vallandigham majorities are expected it, he thought it might possibly recover. in the central and northern portions of the

A prize fight took place at Bloody Island, opposite St. Louis, on Sunday, between two bruisers, Lawrence McKenna and John Albert. Fifty-three rounds were fought, which resulted in the defeat of the latter.

On Sunday a destructive fire occurred in St. Louis, destroying Robt. Charles' extensive tea and coffee establishment. The loss

Miss of "sweet sixteen," was arrested and taken to Wheeling en Sunday, charged with being a spy. She was captured near Burlington by Colonel Mulligan.

Private Hiram Reynolds, of the Eightysecond Indiana regiment, was hung at Nash- sole ville on Monday for the murder of Washington Mosier, of the same regiment.

The Memphis Argus says that a body of rebel cavalry made a dash upon the ferry at Wolf river, but finding nothing to be gained there they fell back.

Extensive gold mines have been dis-

were confined in Camp Morton, Indianapolis,

have been sent to Camp Douglas, Chicago. During the storm on Sunday last a house near Madison was struck by lightning

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FRANKLIN BANK OF KENTUCKY. }
August 16, 1868 At a meeting of the directors of the Frankl'n Bank of Kentucky, on the 15th of August, 1863, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted and ordered to be spread upon the LOUISVILLE. Main and Fourth. 43 College street.

WHEREAS, James Marshall, who has pre sided for many years as President of the Franklin Bark of Kentucky, deported this life on the 12th day of August, 1863; it is, therefore SUMMER SOFT HATS. Resolved, That we as members of the Board STRAW HATS. COOL ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR

sunk, a portion of the iron was buried in fully four feet of mud. The Captain, with his usual industry, set to work, and, with the assistance of his two divers, Capt. Fisher and Napoleon McNeely, succeeded in raising every pig of it. This is one of the best jobs of work ever done on this or any other river, and stamps Capt. McNeely as one of the best wreckers in the country. The Captain is at present entered the country and courtesy in 1 is social and business transactions, commanded the respect and estractions, commanded the respect and estractions. banky and courtesy in 118 social and obstices transactions, commanded the respect and esterm of all who knew him. They alone can fully appreciate his real worth.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be delivered to the widow of the deceased,

records of the institution:

be delivered to the wilder of and that the same be published.

James Rudd, Ch'n. J. D. O'LEARY, Sec'y.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The largest and best assortment of gents' furnishing goods to be found dled a fire at the left of the road, and then re- in the city is at Scott, Keen & Co.'s. corner sixth and Main streets. my23 dtf

this in mind.

A RARE CHANCE TO BUY GOODS CHEAP.— L Kahn & Co. have a very large auction sale this morning, at 10 o'clock, when a splendid of goods will be closed out. Be on hand in time.

> A Voice from Vicksburg. VICKSBURG, MISS., Aug. 9, 1863.

Dr. John Bull-Dear Sir: I am bappy to state to you that I have used your valu Cedron Bitters with great benefit to myself in general debility and prostration of my sys-tem, produced by the unbealtby and miasmat-ic influences of the Mississippi river and around Vicksburg—having been with General Grant's army throughout its whole Southern campaign. I confidently recommend its use camping it. To confidently recommend in the determination of the all persons who are exposed in unhealthy climates.

H. W. Fogle;
au18 d6 Agent U. S. Sanitary Com.

KENTUCKY BELLES APPRECIATE.-Mrs. Anne Nauts, of Louisville, Ky., says in a letter: "When in New York, this summer, I purchased, August. The perpetrators were three negroes by way of experiment, some of Mrs. S. A. Allen's celebrated Hair Restorer and Zylobalexpress for the use of my friends." Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 193 Greenwich st., New York. au12 deod3&w

Scott, Keen & Co., corner Sixth and Main streets, are now selling light summer suits at remarkably low prices. au5 dtf

Remember the drunkard, the child of sorrow and degradation; he has a disease which the human mind cannot control. Remember the drunkard's family, his heart-broken wife, his interesting chileren; soon their father will squander his property, if he has any, and leave them to want; soon he must die and leave them orphans, unless he is die and leave them orphans, unless he is reclaimed. Then save him, if you can. Try the effect of the "INEBRIATE'S HOPE" upon him. It has reclaimed many inebriates, and saved many families from degradation. You will find it Raymond & Tyler's, 74 Fourth street, near Maiv. It is sent by mail free of postage; price \$1 50 per package or four packages for \$5.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO DRY GOODS MERcity and country merchants generally, that, by this arrangement, we are daily receiving, and will continue to receive from day to day, fresh supplies of all kinds of seasonable goods We cordially invite our friends to give us a

call, and an inspection of our stock will at ce convince purchasers of the superior ad antages we can offer to them, both in regard o prices and variety of choice.

We would also recommend to sutlers our assortment of undershirts, handkerchiefs, gloves, suspenders, &c. Special attention will

524 Main st., north side, bet. Fifth and Sixth. aul6 dlm. New Goods.-We have received a large as

ortment of work-boxes, writing de ks, toys and willow-baskets; also, a full supply of paby buggies at SUES' VARIETY STORE.

By far the cheapest place to buy summer clothing is Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets. au5 dtf

WORLD'S FAIR, LONDON, 1863 .- The high est premium has been awarded for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines at the World's Fair, recently held in London, England, with all other sewing machines in competition. This result was not unexpected of course, but is still highly complimentary to American genus and a triumph more noteworthy comgenius, and a triumph more noteworthy considering the public sentiment in England This marked recognition of this machine no only adds to its prestige, confirming, as it does

WM. SUMNER & CO. General Agents for the West & Southwest. Office No. 1, Masonic Temple.

John Bull's Cedron Bitters is certainly one of the achievements of the age not likely to be forgotten. A valuable discovery never dies. We are glad to learn that the success of his Bitters is commensurate with their sale. au11 dtf

Waite linen coats and pants, white and French Marseilles vests, linen sacks and dusters, at Scott, Keen & Co.'s. corner Sixth and Main streets. au5dtf

We believe that home enterprise should be fostered by every community, even when the results obtained may not be quite equal to those obtained elsewhere, but when we can do better at home than abroad there is every reason why we should patronize local industry and enterprise. In this connection we notice the unexpected success of the shirt manufactory of Messrs. Green & Green, of this city. Though it has been in operation only about eight months it already gives em-ployment to about thirty hands. They turn

Roofing .- The attention of the public is called to my elastic paint and roofing cement, which is considered by all who have tested it to be the best and cheapest material of the kind now in use for tin, iron, or metal roofs. C. Coggeshall, Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky.

If you want a good fitting shirt go to Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth Main streets. my23 dtf

GREAT INDUCEMENTS .- We are offering our stock of spring and summer clothing at greatis estimated at \$50,000, on which there was an insurance of \$29,000.

Arrest of a Spy.—Florence Kyser, a young

Arrest of a Spy.—Florence Kyser, a young and summer crotning at greatly reduced prices, to make room for a splendid stock of fall and winter goods, which are arriving daily from New York. Wedding, Sunday and business suits made up at short notice, in the latest and most fashionable JULIUS WINTER & Co. styles. Julius Winter & Co., au5 dlm S. E. cor. Third and Market sts.

Dr. Bettisen's well known and celebrated English Horse Linament never fails to cure all external diseases, of horses and cattle efficiently and permanently. It is manufactured by its present sole proprietor, W. C. Coleman, and sold everywhere. A liberal discout allowed to dealers Main depot, Main street, No. 408, between Fourth and Fifth streets.

Great reduction in price of boys' and youths' summer clothing at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main

WANTED! WANTED!—Gold, Silver, Demand Notes and Southern money, for which I will pay the highest prices, at my office, Third street, one door north of Green, next to the Several hundred of Morgan's men, who Capital Drugstore.

Capital Drugstore.

Julius Mendel, Broker. DIED.

On the 17th inst., at his residence, on Eleventh street, between Grayson and Walnut, ARMSTED BUCKNER (colored), in the 63d year of his age.

His funeral will take place from the Fifth street Bap The employees in the tobacco factories in Covington are on a strike for higher wages.

The employees in the tobacco factories in Covington are on a strike for higher wages.

The friends of the family are invited to atsecond house south of Broadway, to auly d2\*

T. M. SWANN. in Covington are on a strike for higher wages. | tend without further notice.

GREEN & GREEN NASHVILLE,

No sword with 6 so the without naving passed cutous a severe trial.

An entirely new and useful article of OFFICEES AMMUNITION BOX, (invented, and steps taken to procure a petent, by J. J. Hirschbuhl), containing separate and safe partitions for powder-flack, balls, caps, cartridges, or sundries, screw-driver and wrench. This article is very neat and can be worn on a common regulation belt, or shoulder-stap, and will prove to be a desirable object for officers.

All goods of superior quality and moderate prices at J. J. HIRSCHBUHL'S Jewelry Store, No. 233 south side of Main, deld one door above Third 25. SHIRTS AND UNDERWEAR

MADE TO ORDER FROM MEASUREMENT. Military Hats, Caps, and Trimmings to Order.

Let those who have doubted the virtues of Bull's CEDRON BITTERS, if any such there be, read the following Certificate from gentlemen well known in this com munity, and doubt no more.

Its general introduction into the army will save the ives of thousands of our soldiers.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 3, 1863. We, the undersigned, have seen the good effects pro ccd by the use of Dr. John Bull's Cedron Bitters is ses of general debility and prostration of the system and believe its general use would prevent disease and elieve much suffering. Among our soldiers particular would this be the case, especially those who are ex-osed to miasmatic influences in the Southern climate.

MAJ. PHILIP SPEED. Collector Int. Rev. 3d Dist. Ky. CHAS. B. COTTON.

Collector of the Port of Louisville, Ky. COL. H DENT. Provost Marshal General of Kentucky. REV. D. P. HENDERSON, Secretary Sanitary Commission. HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.,

Publishers Democrat. GEO. P. DOERN. Prop, Louisville Anzeiger. HUGHES & PARKHILL. Wholesale Day Goods Dealers, Main street,

DAVIS, GREEN & CO., Wholesale Shoe Dealers, Main st., Louisvill HART & MAPOTHER, Lithographers, cor. Market and Third sts., Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky.

JULIUS WINTER, Clothing Merchant, cor. Third and Market sts. Louisville, Ky.

CAPT. S. F. HILDRETH, of steamer Major Anderson, MAJ. L. T. THUSTON, Paymaster U. S. Army.

C. M. METCALF, National Hotel, Louisville, Ky. COL. JESSE BAYLES, 4 h Ky. Cavalry. GEORGE D. PRENTICE, Louisville Journal.

THE TURNED HEAD! CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

WHITE TO BLACK, r red to a rich brown without drying up the juices of he hair. It is the only safe hair dye in the world. Manufactured by J CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, iew ork. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per box, according to size.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative. Is invaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost soft ness, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Hair. Price 50 cents, \$1 and \$2 per bottle, according to HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE IS THE best in the World. The only Harmless, True and Reliable Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is Perfectionages Red, Rusty or Grey Hair instantly to Glossy Black or Natural Brown, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and eautiful: imparts fresh vi; ality, frequently restoring its ristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of bad Dyes The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, all other are mere im tations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY-81 BARCLAY-ST., N. Y. Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. jy8 d1y

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, act atec by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish all who need it (free of charge) the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those vishing to profit by his experience-and possess a valuable remedy-vill receive the same, by return mail carefully sealed), by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No. 60 Nassau Street, New York

TET GE

WE are now receiving our large and fresh stock of

& CAPS

New Styles Military Hats, Caps, and Military Hat & Cap

TRIMMINGS, All of which we are offering at low prices for CASH.

PRATHER & SMITH,

429 MAIN STREET. F. H. HEGAN, Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall Paper, Looking-

Glasses, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials, ar attention is called to my assor men s, colored and uncolored, to which I ding the newest and best p blications by the first publishing houses o Euro tory for Gilt Work is fitted with the most a proved machinery, and my facilities unsurpassed for furnishing Gilt Frames, oval and square, of new and ele-gant designs, at the lowest rates. Special attention given to the framing of Photographs Engravings, &c. jel6 dis m

J. A. MARYMAN, GENERAL GROCERY, PRODUCE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

147 Fourth Street, Louisville, Ky. Keens constantly on hand a large supply of York and Western Reserve Chees; and Butt 23 Consignments and orders solicited. Liberal cast advances made on consignments. W. ALEX. BASS,

122 Water Street, New York,

BASS & WIGHT, 51 Exchange Place, Baltimore, TOBACCO BROKERS,

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Cash advances made on consignments of Western Property

Strayed or Stolen ROM THE SUBSCRIBERS, ONE LIGHT
bay stallion COLT, two years old in
May last: swid colt has no white marks. Also
a sorrel FILLY, two years old, sold color,
no whate marks. The above horses are between is and
it hands high, and have been missing since Friday, the
ith inst. Any person giving such info mation as will
lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded.

JOS W. PUTNAM,
BENJ GROVE.
au19 d3\* Cor. Portland Av. and Salt River Road,

FOR SALE. MY THOMPSON PLACE, KNOWN AS "STRUBE'S GARGEN," containing eight acressing on a large, substantial house and other improvements, surr unded with the finest shade trees bying near the city, east of Third cross street extended or the House of Refuse road, accessibe by more than seven roads, and at least equal to Woodland Garden Elm Tre Garden, Spring Garden, or the Lion Garden, For particulars apply to Hon. Jefferson Srown, Court Place. [aul9 d6] CALEB W. LOGAN,

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND MEMBERS Of the Kentucky Mechanics' Institute will meet at the full of the Library, on Wednesday evening. Buth inst Institute will meet at sday evening, 19th in JOHN B. DAVIES, at 8 o'clock. au18 d&n2 WANTED.

WATCHES, JEWELRY.

For Officers of the Army. LWAYS KEPT ON HAND A LARGE AND SE SWORDS AND SARRES, or all grades of officers; Pistols, Belts, Sashes, Pass ts, Shoulder-Straps, &c. Names of officers and regiments, or any inscription esired etched on blades. No sword will be so it without having passed through

JEWELRY STORE THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY INFORM. his friends and acquaintances, and the public gen silly, that he has just fitted up and opened on his ow count, a Jewelry Establishment, on the cast side tind street, one door from Market, and adjoinin aiker's City Exchange. He is prepared to manufacture.

FINE JEWELRY Watches, Clocks, Silverware, and Fancy Goods,

has Special attention given to cleaning and repairing whiches and Jewelry. Those who have fer years pas when him their custom will find him fully able to serve them at his new stand. Call and examine goods. mht2 JOHN J. RLINK.

USEFUL AS WELL AS ORNAMENTAL WM. KENDRICK'S, 225 Third street, bet. Main and Marke.

225 Third S. V. STOCK OF WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE PLATED WARE

AAPU S

-THE-JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD

-WILL ISSUE-

HALF FARE TICKETS, OOD ON REGULAR TRAINS OF THE 19vn. 20vn and 21st. Trains leave Jefferso ville at 2:45 P. M and 9:35 P. M., on the 19th, and 7:15 A. M. on the 20th. Return ng Trains leave Indianapolis at 4:00 P. M. and 50 P. M., on the 20th, and 7:00 A. M. on the 21st.

To secure the reduction of fare, pa sengers must pur hase Tickets before entering the Cars. au18 d3 GEO. W. SMALL TAS JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF Carpets, Cartain Goods, and House Furnishings Generally.

These goods have been bought at very reduced price and will be sold very low FOR CASH ONLY Call so 327 Main st., between Third and Fourth, 3 doors west of the Bank of Louisvill COPARTNERSHIP. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE THIS DAY

B. GUY.
SAM'L A. MILLER.
Louisville, Ky., August 1, 1863. Wheat Wanted FOR WHICH WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MAR The best brands of Flour always on hand and for sal GUY & MILLER.

ose of carrying on the busing ur, at the Broadway Mills, co

50 Recruits Wanted for the First Kentucky Artillery. \$42 PAID IN ADVANCE. HIS BATTERY HAS BEEN, in the service 24 months. If I wait and are drafted, you rere-ers, hed

s enisted. Recruiting office northeast cornon and Jackson streets, Louisville, Ky.
Liber, R. A. MOFFET.
List Ky., Battery, Recruiting Officer CITY BREWERY. ul8 dl2\*] Sixth st., bet Main and Water, Louisvill Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF HARR'S & CHATFIELD IS THE Ad, who will settle all outstanding and to collect all debts due the firm.

L. HARRIS.

G. W. CHATFIELD. NOTICE.

HAVE BOUGHT OUT THE OLD AND WELL known Family Grocery of Mr McCleary, on the south est comer of Tenth and Market streets, where I will pleased to see any wanting fine Family Groceries, c., o' which I am determined to keep on hand the est assortment. WM. F. MERKER. SO NOWALL.

TRAYED FROM THE THIRD STREET

Mills, on the leth inst., a dark Mulz; had

Mills, on the leth leth leth leth leth my when she left a leather bead halter. The

my when she left a leather bead on delivery at the \$5 Reward.

NOTICE.

NERCHANTS, GROCERS, AND ALL OTHERS ARE
hereby notified and tor-idden to sell to, or in a y
way trade with my wife, Ellen McCartz, upon trust or
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way trade with my wife, Ellen McCartz, upon trust or
way trade with my wife, Ellen McCartz, I have been compensed adviser.
It my said wife and her adviser.
DENNIS McCARTY.

Bank Notice

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCK in lders in the People's Bank of Kentucky for the election of Directors, and such other business as major before them, will take place at the Banking Hous Brass Finishers Wanted. TO FIRST RATE WORKMEN STEADY EMPLOY.
ment and highest wages will be paid.
THOS. WILLIAMS & CO.,
au19 d6\* n. s. Market st., bet. Third and Fourth.

Taken Up. LAST WEEK I TOOK UP A LARGE SOR-By paying charges, including this advertiseby paying charges, ment. au19 d3\*

JOHN ADAM KIRCHER. A GOOD CHANCE.

RICE -PATNEE AND RANGOON IN BARRELS and bags, for sale by A. RAWSON & CO., 214 Main st N O. MOLASSES, -50 HALF BARRELS IN STORE and for sale by A. RAWSON & CO., 214 Main street COFFEE. -75 BAGS RIO COFFEE JUST RECEIVED GARDNER & CO. WASHBOARDS. -50 DOZEN ZINC WASHBOARD [au19] GARDNER & CO.

SNUFF—.

100 boxes carr tt's Pack Snuff;

100 boxes carr tt's Pack Snuff;

50 gross Carrett's Pack Snuff;

2500 lbs Macobov Snuff;

500 lbs French Rappee nuff; for sale by

act8

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street. with Main street.

Window Glass,—
200 boxes 8x10 Window Glass;
200 boxes 10x12 Window Glass;
1 0 boxe, assorted sizes Window Glass;
solution of the street with the street with the street. SPICE AND PEPPER,

20 cags Spice; 25 b.gs Pepper: for sale by EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street. au18 100 GROSS FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE FOR EDW. WILDER 514 Main street. STONE PIPES.-150 BOXES STONE PIPES, FOR EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

TUBS. -2) NESTS JUST RECEIVED BY aula GARDNER & CO.

WM. SKENE,

Refined Carbon Oil,

Extra Lard Oil

Headlight Oil,

# LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS.

Wm. Skene & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Coal Oil,
Pure Rosin Oils,
R. R. Fish Oils,
Benzole and Naptha, Lubricating Petroleum, Car and Axle Grease, Paint Dryer.

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN SPERM, WHALE, SEAL, AND OTHER OILS SUITABLE FOR BURNING.

Manufacturers of Coal and Carbon Oil Lamps of every description, from the cheapest Kitchen Hand Lomp to rich Parlor or Church Lmap, with Marble Bases, and most approved Burners, Wicks, Shade Chimneys, Globe Brushes, Lamp Trimming, &c., &c.

agents for Judson's transparent cones. Warchouse and Store, Bullitt Street. Carbon and Coal Oil Works, Corner Sixteenth and High Streets. Lard Oil and Lamp Factory, Bullitt st., bet. Main and Water.

WELLER.

316 north side Main St., bet. Third and Fourth,

EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, A GENERAL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GROCKRIES, TO

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS. WE HAVE RECEIVED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF STRAW Goods, Flowers, Ruches, Laces, Ribbons, Siks, and Millinery Goods nerally. Our stock shall be replenished daily by express from our use in New York. We intend keeping a complete stock all through

the season, and respectfully invite the trade to give us a call. COTE S GE CO. 516 Main street between Ffith and Sixth, Louisville, Ky.: 405 Broadway, New York.

REFINED COAL AND CARBON OIL, LUBRICATING OIL and Benzole, Lamps and Chandaliers of all styles, for

every use and place, with all the Fixtures and

Appurtenances of the Oil and Lamp trade, for dealers and consumers, W. BB. BUWARETS

Thursday, August 20th, 1863. D. R. MUSSELMAN.

(SUCCESSORS TO MUSSELMAN & SON), Manufacturers of all Kinds of

Third Street, Between Main and Water, Louisville, Ky.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the purchasing of Leaf Tobacco. New Saddlery Warehouse. SAMUEL BAKER.

SADDLERY, HARNESS AND TRUNKS, No. 609 Main Street, one door above Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

Texas and California styles made to order on short notice. S. W. RAPLER & CO., S. BARKER & CO.

 $\mathrm{GROCERS}$  317 Fourth St., Louisville, Ky.

404 THIRD STREET

Louisville, Kentucky, ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH

STEAMBOATS. HOTELS.

BOARDING-HOUSES Private Families

WITH CHOICE FANCY AND STAPLE

Groceries, Plain and Printed Merino,

TEAS, PURE LIQUORS,

AT VERY LOW RATES. N. B. Particular attention given to

UNDERTAKERS

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

WILL ATTEND TO THE DISINTERRING AND

Shelby House Stock-Yard.

Mem.phis, Tenn.,

M. A. Downing, THE PROPRIETOR OF THE BOUR BON HOUSE

I for a number of years, together with H. C. HERR,
we purchased the well known Shelby House property,
hich they hee throughly renovated and repaired, so
not it is now one of the very best houses to the
city he brove Yard a tached his been thoroughly repaired
that the shids and fences are all new; wat er is a so
eing intronuced it out the lots which will make it one
the mot desirable a denvenient places for horses,
wiles, cattle, he as and sheen, in the western country.

eptember 1863, at the President's office, corner of Jererson and Brook's reels.

auß dtd.

[Journal copy till election.] WHITE FISH FOR SALE BY GARDNER & COL

Louisville & Frankfort Railro ad.

THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Organdies worth 75 and 80c for 60. Organdies worth 60 and 70c for 50, Organdies worth 40 and 50c for 25 Lawns worth 35 and 40c for 20. Lawns worth 20 and 25c for 12 1-2

S. BARKER & CO., 317 Fourth s

Plain and Embroidered Lustres. Black and Fancy Silks. Poplins, Baratheas.

TO THE LADY READERS.

n any other house in the city.

offer for sale very cheap a large stock of fice Corsets.

M. GARFUNKLE, Agent, Kentucky Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 6 Masonic Templ Fourth st., bet, Jefferson and Gre PUBLISHED BY

223 Main street bet, Second and Third THE LIGHT THAT ONCE WITHIN THINE ray, with chorus and beautiful litho by W. S. Hays.

ili - Wa tz. W.

ili - Notice to Tinners.

Onions, Onions, 100 BBLS IN STORE AND FOR SALE BY MUNN & CO,, 217 Main st. be'. Second and Third.

100 LBS FRESH SUMMER TURNIP SEED IN 217 Main st., bet, Second and Third. au16

10 CASKS SAL SODA, FOR SAIE BY

No. 219 Fourth street, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky. S. P. DICK.

Monday, August 17th, 1863,

PRINTED ORGANDIES & LAWNS

Greatly Reduced Prices.

WE are daily receiving new styles of

and 15.

Fall Dress Goods,

Scotch Plaids, &c., &c. S. BARKER & CO.. 317 Fourth street.

M. GARFUNKEL, MANUFACTURER OF

HOOP SKIRTS. WILL SELL HOOP SKIRTS 25 PER CENT, LESS

> New Music, D. P. FAULDS,

graph, by W. S. Hays.
gion of Befense Quick Step.
ummer Boy of Shiloh, with descriptive title,
20th edition, by W. S. Hays.
bacco Planter's Polks.
hy do I Love Thee? 30th edition.
chmond on the James, Bayley,
hy do I Love Tuee? with variations, Miss—
lil Wa tz. W. S. Hays.
lem de Lis, Miss Prather.

FOUR OR FIVE TINNERS WANTED, TO WHOM steady employment and good wag s will be given; Apply im nediately at Housekeeners' Headquarters.

BOURLIER & COCHRAN, 215 Fifth st., au16 d3&n1 Bet Main & Market, Cotton's Block.

Turnip Seed.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—

So bbis Muckiln's XXX white Wheat Flour;

So bbis Ed'inburgh XX do do;

Just received per Railroad and for sa'e by
aul5

T. L. JEFFERSON.

l'and New and Scholls Laborate d'ivate Sale. Liberai cash advances made on consignments, Out-door Sales promptly attended to. Out-door Sales promptly attended to. Refer t>—Gardner & Co., Nock, Wicks & Co., Smith Walde, Wm. L. Weller, Webb & Levering, Louisville, aul; BY G. W. CHATFIELD. OLD BOURBON AND COPPER DISTILLED WHISKY HAVANA AND FLORIDA LEAF CIGARS, GREEN TEAS, GROUND AND ESSENCE COFFEE, FANCY SOAP, CLOTHES PINS, BROOMS AND TWO CASKS

CLEAR SIDE BACON, AT AUCTION. ON THURSDAY, MORNING, AUGUST 20TH. AT It of clock, will be sold at auction-rooms. No. 731 Main street, south side, between Seventh and Eighth, all the above goods, with a great variety of other articles.

137 The special attention of city and country buyers is called to this sale. G. W. CHATFIELD,

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

SPECIAL OUT DOOR SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FUR N TURE, CARPETS AND SUPERIOR 7-OCTAVE PIANO, AT AUCTION. ON THURSDAY MORNING NEXT, AUGUST 2011, at 10 o'c'ock, we will sell at the dwelling house on First sireet, west side. first house north of Chestnut street, on account of removal of owner, a lot of—

Fine Carpets, Chairs, Tables,
Bedsteads, 30-hour Clock,
and other Hou whold Furniture;
Also, Cooking Stoves and Furniture,
With a very superior and fine toned 7-octave Piano
Also, a good Milch Cow.

S. G. HENRY & CO., f Terms cash, au18 Large and Attractive Auction Sale,

## BY L. KAHN & CO.,

404 MAIN STREET.

O'N WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19711. AT 1 o'clock, at No. 404 Main street, will be sold, th

Two Days' Auction Sales BY T. ANDERSON & CO., ON TUISDAY AND THURSDAY, AUGUST 18TH

Of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Brogans.

ON THURSDAY, August 20th, at 10 A. M., will be sold

Dry Goods, Notions, &c. Also a small lot of Clothing, to close invoices. Terms cash—bankable funds, aul6 T. ANDERSON & CO, Auctoree

### EDUCATIONAL.

B. B. HUNTOON'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, Sept. 7th. Tuition for the half session of ten weeks. \$20 00 if paid in advance 18 00 auil dtd

#### SHELBY COLLEGE, SHELBYVILLE, KENTUCKY.

THE ENSUING SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will be opened on Monday, September 7th, 1863.

The undersigned will receive a limited number of boys, from eleven to fifteen years of see, into the College family, as publis in the English, Class cal and Mathematical Grammar School. The number wil be limited to twelve. They will be under his personal superintendance, and will be faithfully and kind y care for in all that respects their social, religious and intellectual trailing.

TERMS—For Board, Tultion Washing and Fuel, for the session of ten months, half payarde in selvance, \$175, aul8 d2w.

WM. J. WALLER, Pres't.

REV. GEORGE BECKETT'S Institute for Young Ladies, WILL REOPEN ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER, 14TH,

All the branches, which is situated within three-fourths a mile of Buckner's Station, on the Louisville a Frankfort railroad, and is unsurpassed for health, Refer to Mr. P. R. Thompson and Mesers, Collis & Robt, J. Ormsby, Louisville, Ky.

Shelbyville Female College. This institution, situated away from the disturbances of war, has continued in quiet and successful operation, though with diminished number of pulls. The next se sion will commence in the first Monday in September, 1883. Assisted by able and successful teachers. I hone, with my constant and interest and successful teachers. I hone, with my constant art ind vidual attention, to give to the young ladies intrusted to my circ, the best opportunities for more a and intellectual improvement. The whole expenses of Boarding and Tuition, in the Originary branches, if returned its resion, in the College classes, amount from \$162 to \$170.

Address at She byville Ky.

REV. D. T. STUART.

Danville Female Academy. THIS INSTITUTION AFFORDS YOUNG LADIES its usual facilities of education in the Natural and Moral Sciences. Ancient and Modern Languages, the Arts and Ornamentals, and it Morals and Manners, Terms moderate. Next session commences on the first Mon lay in September.

FORWOOD'S REMEDY

# DIARRHŒA

FLUX,

for twelve months. In two days all wer cured, and continued well.

Lt. Col., com'de 3th Reg. Ky. Vol. fif'y-two persons. Trenty-five the continued well of firy-two persons. Trenty-five the continued the cured in fir monte camp Diarrhea." Every case was cured in fir monte to three data, and remained well. It is a pleasant liquid that heals the trends and the cured in figure to the continued that the continued and the continued costivens or any bud effects.

Said medicine is composed of more then a dozen extracts from the vegetable kingdom, obtained in the United States and from six foreign countries. It is manufactured and for side to Drugsists and others, at No. 336, east side of Third street, 125 yards south of the Petodice. Louisville, Ky.

may wish, immediately,
J. B. MESS.CK,
N. FLOOD,
R. ELLI S.
Executors of Richard Radciiff, deceased.
B. K. BAILEY, Auctioneer.
Lexington Observer and Reporter copy till Sept. 1.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS. Corner Sixth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS. NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY. A LWAYS ON HAND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

GROVER & BAKER'S

Family Sewing Machine.

WHY IT IS BEST.

It is more simple, durable, and less liable to de-ingement than others.
 It sews from ordinary spools, and no rewinding of

read is necessary.

3. It sews with equal facility all fabrics, the most deli-te, and the heaviest, with all kinds of thread, silk,

otton, or linen.

4. Its seam is so strong and elastic that it never breaks, ven on the bias.

5. It fastens both ends of the seam by its own opera-

on.

6. Its seam, though cut at every sixth stitch, remains m, and neither runs or ranels in wear.

7. Its seam is more plump and beautiful, and retains a plumpness and beauty after washing, better than

other.

Its seams can be removed in altering garments, AFPROPER INSTRUCTION, without picking or cutting

iem.

9. Watching and varying the tension upon the threeds
cessary in other machines, is unnecessary in this,
he tension being once adjusted on the Grover & Faker
achine, any amount of sewing may be done without
lange.

Machine, any amount of sewing may be done without change.

10. It makes beautiful embroidery without any change of arrangement, by simply inserting threads of suitable sizes and colors for this purpose. It is the only machine that both embroiders and sews perfectly.

The Grover & Baker Machine has taken the First Premium at the State Fairs last held in New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illikois, Michigan, Iowa. Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina, Aia-ama, California, including every State Fair at which it as been exhibited in 18e2, and at a great number of Agricultural and County Fairs,

The Work made upon the Grover & Baker Mahine has rece wed the First Premium at every Fair in a United States where it has been exhibited to this late.

late.
GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO. furnish Machines of he same patterns and at the same price, making either he GROVER & BAKER STITCH, or the SHUTTLE STITCH, as ustomers prefer, with the privilege of exchanging.
THE NEW ARMY CLOTHING MACHINE, No.

has no equal for that work.

THEMMERS, BINDERS, CORDERS, BRAIDERS, ULLTING GUAGES, TUCKERS, &c. of the latest and most improved styles, furnished at the lowest cash

GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE COTTON

er S. M. Co. o sequence of extensive and timely arrangments ne manufacturers, we are able to sell this superior n 10 to 25 per cent. below the prices of other 1. ad-

No. 5 Masonic Temple, Fourth st., bet. Jefferson and Green. W. H. GOLDERMAN, Agen

ng manufacturers, GROVER & BAKER'S MACHINE TWIST, now ecognized as the best in the market, furnished in any

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,

STEAMBOATS.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

For Evansville and Henderson.

For Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.

For St. Louis and all way Landings.

For Cairo and Memphis.

The splendid steamer LIBERTY No. 2. W. Conner, Master will be ve as above and intermediate oorts on FRIDAY, the 21st anst., at 50 clock P. M., from Section 4.

of the Chenoweth line, will leave the harf at 10 o'clock A. M., this day, 19th inst., for Calckman and Memphis. Having good accommodute

The regular passenger steamer
LIBERTY No. 2, Conner, Mast
will leave as above THIS DAY, the 1
inst., at 5 o'clock P. M., positively, from Pertland.

or freight or passage apply on board, or to B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

REGULAR MONDAY PACKET.

IS THERE

freight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & Co. Agents. For Paducah, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis. The steamer SIR WM. WALLACE, Capt. Chenowet

AMUSEMENTS. MASONIC TEMPLE

FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY. THE CARTER SISTERS ZOUAVE TROUPE.

> SIXTEEN IN NUMBER, Will give four of their

GRAND ENTERTAINMENTS

### As above. For particulars see small bills, &c. au11 dtf

PUBLIC SALES. Marshal's Sale.

W. H. Beynroth, aga nst J. B. Slaughter, In Chancery, No. 17,913. BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE Chancery Court, rendered in the above cause, the undersigned, or one of us, will, on

MONDAY, AUGUST 24TH, 1863, about the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M., sell at public auc-ion, to the highest bidder, at the Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, on a credit of 6, 12, 18 and 2, nonths, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the de-cree herein of the prope-ty in pleadings mentioned, viz

THE HOMESTEAD A lot of ground having a front, on the north side of a sin street, of 43 feet, and running back same width 120 eet to an aller, being above Seventeenth street, comcencing at Wetsel's west line 120 feet est of Seveneeath street, and extending west to the center of the The purchaser will be required to g ve bond, with ap-roved security, bearing interest from date until paid, and a lien will be retained as additional security THOS. A. MORGAN, M. L. C. C. N. BEALL GANTT, Deputy,

Public Sale at Auction. On TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25TH., about 10 o'clock, I will sell at public auction, a Brick House and Lot, on the south side o' Marient Shall str et, between Hancock and Clay. The house contains 7 rooms, cellar, distern, &c.; lot 25 by 102 feet. Terms—\$800 cash, balance in I and 2 years, au19 do\* FRED. FRISHE, Auctioneer.

### LARGE PUBLIC SALE. Over \$200,000 Worth of Property Offered.

TINDER A DECREE OF THE FRANKLIN CIRCUIT THOMAS S. PAGE, two miles from Frankfo t, Ky.,

hold and Kitchen Furniture. of seasoned Plank and Scantling, e lot of Stone Coal. es, of various ages—Children to be sold with their nothers.

If not previously sold, there will be offered-

s and lands, viz:

17 vacant lots in Chicago, Illinois.

About 2,000 acres of land binding on the Ohlo river, in Union county, Ky, traversed by rich coal veins. Undivided interest in 1,450 acres, in Hopkins county, Ky—also, extensive coal privileges near by, the veins estimated to be 9 to 10 feet in thickness.

About 1,000 acres of land in Livingston county, Ky.

Lots in the city of Louisville.

A large prick residence in Frankfort.

An undivided interest in the Kanawha Coal and Oil Company.

WILL BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER. Of Tuesday, the 1st day of September, 1863, on the premises, which are known as the Co-herd farm, situated in Shelby county, Ky, on the road leading from Bellview, on the Louisville and Lexingtan Railroad, Shelbyville, 4 miles from the former and six miles from the latter place, containing about 195 acres, with a good welling house and other necessary outbuildings; about 130 acres cleared, the balance inclosed and well set is ras.

The title to the above tracts is indisputable. All of said lands ar in a high state of cutivation, inclosed, well watered and well grassed, with plenty of timber and wood, in a good state of repair, located in a healthy part of the country, with good schools, convenient to Churches, and near the Louisville and Lexington Railroid. A further description is unne essary.

Further information can be obtained by Addressing the Executor, at Chick iansburg, Er., or calling on Mr. D. C. Yeage, and the converse of the converse of

TELEGRAPHIC. Late News from Charleston.

The Bombardment Commenced on the 13th.

Sumpter. The Ironsides and all the Monitors

in the Action. Proclamation by Gov. Seymour.

News from Mexico.

Mexicans Publicly Flogged.

French and Mexican Papers Urging the Recognition of the South.

Woman Receives 200 Lashes.

Foreign News.

English Papers on American Affairs.

Important Circular Issued by Gen. Canby.

WASHINGTON, August 18. A dispatch received this morning by the Government dated 17th, from a distinguished military officer in Tennessee, stating that the Chattanooga Rebel of the 14th amounted the bembardment of Charleston begun on the 13th, and the firing from Gilmore's land bat-teries and from the Mouitors was chiefly against Fort Sumpter. The combined land and raval forces of the Federals seemed to be

engaged.
Information published in the Rebel was re ceived at Chattanooga which was telegraphed Charleston, and the fight was going on when the paper went to press on Sunday. The officer who communicates to the Government the contents of the Rebel says the editor, instead of making any boasts about the results or manifesting the least jubilant feeling over the situation of affairs at Charleston exhibits a most positive evidence of gloom The rebel states that the Ironsides and all the monitors were not only in the action, but the whole fleet and a large number of trans-ports were inside of the bar during the en-

gagement. New York, Angust 18. Gen. Canby has issued an important circular, defining the duties of United States troops in this city and harbor. He says their duties are limited to the defense of the forts and the protection of public property, and of the officers of the general government in the performance of their legal duty; and the duty of maintaining order and protecting property and rights of private individuals devolves upon the municipal and State authorities but upon the municipal and State authorities, but trops of the United States will be held in readiness to render any assistance that may be called for by the proper authorities, or be rendered necessary by the inability of the civil authorities to accomplish these ends.

If officers of the General Government, by comity of the State and municipal government, by this place.

To officers of the General Government, by comity of the State and municipal governments, in the performance of their legitimate functions, are assailed by lawless violence, it will be the duty of the troops to protect, if they are charged with the protection of public property, public building, or other valuable interests, it will be their duty to defend them to the last extremity. If called upon by the civil authorities to aid in the maintenance of order or the enforcement of the laws, the aid will be rendered promptly. Louis vesterday, we the laws, the aid will be rendered promptly, Louis yesterday, was unloading at New Albany, in

heerfully, and efficiently.

The troops that have been brought to the Ohio hence to Cairo continues to fall, and all the of orderly and soldierly conduct. The atten- than 3 feet water on Harpeth Shoals. tion of all officers and men is specially di-

The regular packet
JOHN T. McCOMBS, Ballard, Master
will leav as above THIS DAY, the 19th PROCLAMATION. t5 o'clock P. M., positively.
For freight or passage spoly on board, or to
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents,
No. 116 Wall street. EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, August 18, 1863. s about to be made in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, and I understand that there is will leave as above THURSDAY, the 20, at 5 o'clock P. M., from Portland.
or freight or passage apply on board, or to
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents. The steamer NYANZA, Shepherd, Master will leave as above THIS DAY, the 19t For freight or pussage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

danger of disorderly and riotous attacks upon those who are engaged in executing the law of Congress. I cannot believe that any considerable number of citizens are disposed to renew the shameful and sad scenes of the past nonth, in which the loss of so many, as well f the innocent as the guilty, were destroyed. Our courts are consigning to severe punishent many of those who were active in de annot be corrected by unlawful violence, he liberties of our country and he rights of our citizens can only he preserved by a just regard for legal obliga-ions and an acquescence in the decisions of adicial tribunals. While I believe it would set aside by the judiciul tribunals it must obeyed. Like any other act of the State or nar mail and passenger packet for Owensboro, national legislative an agonistic doctrine that Evansville and Henderson to-day. She leaves the For Paducah, Cairo, Memphis and all way Lundings. The light draught steamer ECHO No. 2. Capt. Gordon, will leave as above Tib S DAY, the 19th ost., at 12 o'clock M., from the cit wharf. nd property and subversive to the liberty of the citizen and the freedom of the nation. Those who fear that there are designs in any MEMFHIS & LOUISVILLE U. S. MAIL LINE. quarter to overthrow the rights of citizens or found anywhere on the river.

obstruct the accustomed administration of The Gen. Grant from Pitts our laws, or to usurp any power in violation of constitutional restraints, should bear in mand that all acts of violence, all public d'sorders, have the way for these very usurfa-ions and that they will be regarded with satisfaction by those who, for any cause, may wish to destroy either the power or rights of our national or State laws. The Constitution and statutes of the State and nation contain ample remedies for all wrongs which may be committed either by rulers or citizens; and those who wish to preserve their rights, or to punish offenders, whether in public or private life, should themselves carefully perform their duty, abstain from all illegal acts, generously support the Government, and then calmly and 1e olutely claim their rights. I again repeat the warning which I gave to any VIRTUE in again repeat the warning which I give to you during the riotous preceedings of the past month, that the only opposition to the conscription that can be allowed as an appeal to the courts. I hereby adm n sh all judicial and executive efficers, whose dury it is to enforce the law and prese ve public order; that they take vigorous and effective measures to pat down any riotous or unlawful assemblages; and if they find their power insufficient for that purpose, to call upout the mil tary in the manner pointed out by the mil tary in the manter pointed out by the statutes of the State. If these measures should prove it sufficient, I shall then exert the full power of the State, in order that the

WASHINGTON, August 18.

WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER public order may be preserved, and the persons and property of the citizens be fully pro-ZYLOBALSAMUM? ROCHESTER, August 18. The secret conference met this afternoon and lasted three or four hours, during which Jewett, Davis, N. H. Wood and others parbalsamum."
v. WM. CUTTER, N. Y. City: "My hair is changed to its natural co or, and growing on bald snot."
v. J. H. CORNELL, N. Y. City: "I procured it for a relative. The falling of the hair stopped and restred it from being grey to its natural and beautiful color." and their respective strength and alms. The reported conclusion arrived at being that a restoration of peace and the re establishment of the Union can only be brought about by the organization of the conservative element in the North, upon a platform similar to that of the Union Democracy of Kentucky.

A committee consisting of Messre, Davis of Kentucky; N. H. Wood, of Wisconsin; R. F. Stevens, of New York; J. W. Daily, Whitehall, and J. P. Fanrot, of Canadigua, were appointed to prepare business for to-morrow, and submit an address to the meeting compose of about thirty delegates. And there does not appear to be any interest outside.

Washington, August 18.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World. PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE, No. 198 Greenwich Street, New-York.

Numerous Certificates as above.

my16 dF,Sun&W&w Musical Goods, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

(direct importations), wholeale and retail at low prices

by

D. P. FAULDS. 223 Main st.,
bet, Second and Third.

The St Louis brings via Acapalco dates from the city of Mexico of 22d July.

Forey is is a uing decrees daily.

The French and Mexican newspapers are

urging the recognition of the Southern Con-federacy. They statate that France will rec-ognize the Confederacy. [Here followed something which the tele-

graph reporter failed to make intelligible to the compositor.] Everything looks to an immediate recognition of the Southern Confederacy by Mexico. Guerrilla fighting is frequent on the roads leading to the City of Mexico. The Firing Chiefly Against Fort The Mexicans take no prisoners but murder their enemies. They are making it a war of

extermination. Numerous assassinations have occurred in the City of Mexico of sympathizers with the

The triumvirate government are daily imprisoning and shooting persons refusing to take the oath of allegiance to the empire.

Mexicans have been publicly flogged for remexicans have been publicly nogget for re-fusing quarters to French officers. One Mex-lean lady named Rubio received 200 lashes for refusing to receive French officers into her house. Her husband effered to pay as a fine her weight in silver, but Forey insisted on

making an example.

The foreign ministers decline to remove to San Louis on an offer of Juarez to protect ther transit.

The Brother Jonathan arrived on the 16th from the North with \$140,000 in treasure from Portland and \$63,000 from Victoria.

NEW YORK, August 18. Tattersall's establishment in Sixth avenue at \$6: 7 at \$7: 6 at \$9: 4 at \$9: 4 at \$10: 6 at \$11: 2 at \$12: was burned at \$4 o'clock this afternoon. A lat \$13: 1 at \$14: 1 at \$19: 1 at \$20: 2 at \$22: 1 at \$24, and number of firemen were injured and twenty-five horses were burned. Loss \$40,000 mostly insured. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary and part of a general scheme of riotously disposed persons, on account of the approaching draft.

CAPE RACE, August 18. Additional news by the Asia.

Latest via Queenstown—London, August 9th.
The advices irom America by the Persia are regarded as more favorable to the South, and a protraction of the war is calculated upon. The Confederate cotton loan has advanced, and closed yesterday at 24@22c discount.

TRENTON, N. J., August 18. The Delaware and Ranitan canal company, and the Camden and Amboy railroad company, have donated \$60,000, and placed it at the osal of the Governor of the State, for the purpose of forwarding troops as speedily as possible to meet the call recently made upon the State by the Federal Government.

### RIVER MATTERS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE. STEAMERS LEAVING TO DAY. Gen'l Buell, for Cincinnati, at 12 o'clock.
J. McCombs, Evansville and Henderson, 5
Nyanza, St. Louis, 10 a. m.
Liberty No. 2, Memphis, at 5 p. m.
Wm. Wallace, for Memphis, at 10 a. m.
Echo, Clarksville and Nashville, 12 m.

ARRIVALS. Major Anderson, from Cincinnati. Undine, from Madison Effic Deans, from Madison. J R Gilmore, from St. Louis. Silver Lake No. 3, from St. Louis. DEPARTURES.

Major Anderson, to Cincinnati. Undine to Madison. Star Gray Eagle, to Henderson. Effie Deuns, to St. Louis. J. R. Gilmore, to Cincinnati.

The river at this point continues to fall, with 3 feet 5 inches water scant in the canal last evening Other ports..... The river at this point continues to fall, with by the mark. During the 24 hours ending at cusk last evening, the river at the head of the falls had had receded fully 1 inch, which is equal to 3 inches at Portland.

The weather has been clear and very hot. At Cincinnati the river still continues to fall with only 5 feet water in the channel hence to this place. Yesterday at noon the river at Pittaburg was or

a stand, with 3 feet 7 inches water in the channel The Portland bar at present is in a most wretch-

ed condition, and all boats arriving from below are compelled to lighten over by removing their freight into barges or flats. The Silver Lake No. 3, that arrived from S

city, and who may be called upon to aid in the maintainance of order and enforcement of the laws, must themselves set the example

The Cumberland river continues to fall, with less

The Dubuque (Iowa) Times of the has risen about 20 inches since Saturday, and the water still continues to increase. The North-I have received information that the draft ern Light reached Winona on her last trip with The Effie Deans, a new steamer built at Madison for the St. Louis and Keokuk trade, passed here adapted for the trade for which she is intended. The propeller Superior starts to Cincinnati to

The Louisville, one of our old regular Louisville and New Orleans packets, which has been in Dixie | Mess Pork is offered at \$10 for old and \$13 for new city. ever since the war commenced, arrived at Cairo Bulk Meat at 4%65; and Bacon at 566; Groceries unvesterday. It will be remembered that the Louischanged. Linseed Oil advanced to \$1 05 because it is stroying the lives and property of their fellow-citizens. These events should teach them that all evils, real or imaginary, ville was seized at Memphis by the rebel authori ties, and afterwards, while in the Mississippi, was plyed as a regular packet between Memphis and

For Cincinnati.—The Gen'l Buell is the regular to the constitutional ty of the conscription act, at an arry day, by a summary process, yet the failure to do this in no degree institute on the constitutional ty of the conscription act, at an arry day, by a summary process, yet the failure to do this in no degree institute on the constitutional ty of the conscription act, at an arry day, by a summary process, yet the failure to do this in no degree institute on the first process through to the East on any of the carry of New Orleans. nre to do this in no degree justifies any vio-tent opposition o an act of Congress. Until it FOR HENDERSON-The J. T. McCombs is the reg-

en may rightfully resist laws opposed to Porland wharf at 5 o'clock, in charge of Capt Balheir own ideas of right or duty, has not only led to great disorder and violence, but is one of the chief causes of the disastrous civil office by courteous and attentive clerk's were which has wested the blood and treasure of our people. Disregard for the sacredness service for a long time, has laid up at this place for

of the Constitution, for the maje ty of laws and for the decisions of the jndiciary is at this time the greatest danger which threatens American liberty, yesterday, but few boats arriving and departing. this spirit of dislayalty must be put down, it The sun shone forth in his glory, and the heat was tions still tending upwards; the market leaves of quite so inconsistent with social order and social ice so intense that boat-hands were unable to work strong; Cleveland and Pittsburg 192%; IEinois Can ral strong steady. The work of improving the wharf is pro- scrip 124, Erie pref. 107; Reading 119; Cleveland and gressing, though slowly. When it is completed Louisville will hape one of the best wharfs to be

The Gen. Grant, from Pittsburg, arrived at St. Louis on Sunday. Captain Dugan, of the Government transport and steady at 25@258 7d. Wheat quiet; winter red 8s Champion No. 3, died in Cairo on Monday of dys-6d@8s 9d. Corn active. Provisions generally buoyant. entery. Captain Dugan resided in Cincinnati, where he was well known to steamboatmen.

The steamers in New Orleans on the 9th were Capt. Hempstead's new packet Cricket No. 3, will leave Cincinnati to-day for Marietta. One of the most complete boats that we have

ever seen, Is the propeller Superior, owned by Captain E. W. Blasdell, now at the wharf. The Captain is ready with his little craft to carry freight to any point; and being a thorough boatman and any business entrusted to his care will be faithfully attended to. The St. Louis Democrat, speaking of the upper

The St. Louis Democrat, speaking of the upper streams says:

The river continued falling slowly until dark last evening, having declined since Friday only five inches. It is now seven above low water-mark of December, 1886.

Drift in considerable quantity floated past on Saturday, and less yesterday, but still the river id not rise, owing, no doubt, to the torrid heat of the weather.

An old boatman on Saturday reported 6½ feet in the channel between this city and Keokuk.

Capt. Clayton, of the Hillman, reports 7½ feet by the lead at Island 34; same at 25, and 5½ feet above Cairo and falling.

The Illinois is falling slowly, with 32 inches on the worst bars below Peoria.

Captain Matson, of the Eclipse, reports an Upper Mississippi rise, coming from the lower rapids. There was three feet on the bars, and it had risen at Quincy 3 inches, and was still rising.

The Missouri has risen from the Kaw, Gasconade, Osage, &c., and there is now 6 feet to Kansas City and 4½ feet to St. Joseph

The weather is exceedingly hot. Yesterday was supposed to have been the hottest day of the season. Heavy and abundant raths will doubtless fall soon.

CAIRO, August 15—3 A. M.

Messre. Edilors: Our port list for the past twentyfour hours is as follows:
Friday—Silver Lake, from Norfolk to Louisville,
9 A: Iowa, from St. Louis to Columbus, 9 A. M.; C.
Weller, Ohio river to Memphis, 9 A. M.; Henry
Von Phul, from St. Louis to Memphis, 9 A. M.; City
of Madison, St. Louis to Memphis, 11 A. M.; Emma,
St. Louis to emphis, 12 M.; Po-t Boy, St. Louis to
Memphis, 1 P. M.; J. H. Groesbeck, New Orleans, 1
P. M.; Annanca, Evansville to Evansville, 3 P. M.; M.
E. Foreyth, Memphis to St. Louis, 4 P. M.; Emerald, Vicksburg to Cairo, 4 P. M.; Adriatic, St.
Louis to Vicksburg, 4 P. M.; J. H Dickey, St. Louis
to Memphis, 5 P. M.; Julia, Cairo to New Orleans,
6 P. M.; Empress, New Orleans to Vicksburg, 6 P.
M.; Sam Gaty, New Orleans to Vicksburg, 6 P.
Saturday—C. E. Hildman, from Cairo to Memphis, at 2 A. M.

RECEIPTS BY RIVER.

A dispatch was received this morning by the Government, dated the 17th inst., from a distinguished military efficer in Tennessee, stating the Chattanooga Rebel of the 14th an-nounced that the bombardment of Charleston begun on the 13th, and the firing from Gil-more's land batteries and from the monitors.

RECEIPTS BY RIVER. ST. LOUIS—Per steamer Gilmore—3 bxs furniture, Thos Anderson; 6 tons pig fron, Miller & Moore; 6 bris lard, F H Thomas; 40 pkgs shot and lead, J. T. Mellen; 195 bjs hemp, W. A. Richardson. was chicfly against Fort Sumter.

The combined land and naval forces of the Federals seem to be engaged.

Information published in the Rebel was received at Chattanooga by telegraph to Charleston, which states that the fight was going on when the paper went to press on Sunday.

ST. LOUIS—Per steamer Gilmore—3 bxs furnitive, Thos Anderson; 6 tons pig iron, Miller & 50 bbls XXX Flour; 50 bbls XX Flour; 50

SAN FRANCISCO, August 18. FINANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT. For particulars of currency matters see specie and

bank note list. FLOUR AND GRAIN-Superfine Flour at \$4@\$ 50, and manding General desires to announce that the order placing Lieut. Colonel Hanson, of the Twentieth Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, unextra brands at \$5@5 59, and nominal New Wheat at 80@90c for red and white, and very dull; few buyers. Corn in the ear dreoping and is worth 55@60c; shelled would not command more than 70c, sacks included. Oats, new at 40c; old from store 65@70c. Barley 95c@\$1. GROCERIES-Transactions still limited. Sugar we quote at 131/2014c by hhd; in bbls 1420141/4c; Crushed 161/4c. New Orleans Molasses 60@65c per gallon. Coffee 31@33c Sales Golden Sirup in bbls at 70@77c.
Corrons, &c—Brown Sheetings 33@35c. Yarns we quote

at 37, 38 and 40c for the various numbers. Cotton Twine at 70c. Candlewick \$1 per ib. Eggs—Per dozen 8@10c. FRATHERS-Command 42@43e

Western Reserve 18@20c. BEANS-Sales prime white at \$2 75@3 25, as in quality. CHERRE-Light sales of new at 10%@10%c. HAY-We quote baled Timothy at \$21622; sales wagon at \$14@18, as in quality.

BUTTER-Sales at 12@15c, and very dull; and choice

LINSEED OIL-Sales at oil mill at \$1 00. FLAX SEED-New has commenced coming in and sells at the oil mill at \$1 25 per bushel. LARD-Light sales at 9@9%c.

Manilla Rope—We quote at 19c. Wool—Washed 40@50c; in grease 35@40c.

Onions-Command \$250@\$3 per bbl. POTATOES-Small sales new at \$1 80 per bbl. WHISKY-Light sales at 43%c TOBACCO-Sales to-day 54 hhds, as follows: 1 at \$5; 15

2 at \$25 per 100 pounds. SPECIE AND BANK NOTE LIST.

BUYING. SELLING.

22 @27 @ cent. p'm.

23 @25 @ cent. p'm.

24 @ - @ cent. p'm.

34 dis. @ par.

36 15 @ 3 @ cent. p'm.

36 15 @ 3 @ cent. p'm.

36 15 @ 625 @ cent. p'm. Indiana Money... Canada Money... BANKABLE FUNDS.
Treasury Notes and Obio money.
UNCURRENT FUNDS.

Bank of Tennessee.
Stock Banks.
South Carolina.
North Carolina.

Exports of Breadstuffs to Great Britain. The following is a statement of the exports of bread stuffs from the United States to Great Britain and Ire and since the 1st of September, 1862:

Meal, bbls. 1,064 33 Wheat 50 Total 1862-63....1,365,600 1,147 1861-62....2,475,895 1,240 Dec-ease.....1,110,295 93 2,417,861 3,144,058 Total 1880-61...2,481,020 3,431 1859-60.... 618,740 944 24,776,810 3,391,580 Flour, Wheat, t. bhls. bush 180,999 2,135,333 11,612 Rye, hush. 406,330 Total 1863-63. . . . 192,611 1861-62. . . . 61°.014 1860-61. . . 80,565 1859-60. . . 46,427 2,145,333 7,459,120 2,639 136 172,888

Imports of Dry Goods at New York, The imports of Foreign Dry Goods at the nort of New ork, for the week ending Aug. 13, were \$1,683,985 agains \$1,298 same week last year, and \$583,305 the corres-onding week of 1861. The following is the summary for

the week:

CONSUMPTION DIRECT, WARRHOUSED, WITHDRAWN

Volume Phys. Value Phys. Value Total.......3,771 \$1,220,059 1,713 \$448,910 1,209 \$883,556

Total entered.....\$1,668,968 Total market'd.\$1,603,61 Cincinnati Dry Goods Market. We note a still further advance in prices of all kinds lomestic goods. Heavy sheetings sold well at 33@34c for st-ndards. Prints were advanced about 1c per yard on all kinds dark goods. Bleached Muslins were ad-vanced about 1c per yard on the lower qualities, and 2c on the better goods. We quote & sheeting 1-@17c; % do 19@25c; 4-4 Plymoth or A Red Banks 23@24c; Hope, Blockstone's and other makes of same quality 27@23c;

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, August 18-P. M. Flour very dull and prices nominal; hardly anything oing Wh-at unchanged; a fair demand for prime at 93@95c for red and \$1 05@1 10 for white. Corn in fair demand at 58c. Oats dull and offeren freely at 44@45c; some seles made at 43c; old are offered at 46c. Whisky 43c and in fair demand. No change in Provisions; not much done; 30 hhds Bacon shoulders sold at 5c. Lard firm and wanted at 9%c; best city is held at 9%@10c.

scarce. Gold 24@25. Exchange & prem.
New York, August 18-P. M. Flour continues heavy, irregular and unsettled; fresh ground State scarce and brings full prices, pretty much all other kinds in fair supply and rather easy at \$4 60@ 1 24 for winter red western. Corn scarce and a shade firmer at 68@68%c for shipping mixed western. Oats easier with moderate business at 53@58c for western. Pork opened dull and closed a shade easier at \$11 50@ 11 62½ for old Mess, \$11 25@13 37½ for new do. \$10 50@ 10 75 for new Prime, \$12 50@16 for new prime Mess. Beef unchanged. Bacon sides firmer with good demand for ime western short clear at 71/4@8c. Lard is firm with good inquiry at 9%@10%c. Cotton dull and lower at 67

for middling uplands.

Money quite easy at 5@6 per cent. Sterling dull at 13 for first class bills. Gold a trifle lower, opening at 25%, advanding to 25%, closing at 25@23%. stocks without decided change and only a very moder ate business. Stocks again better, with very few except

FOREIGN MARKETS.

PER STEAMSHIP ASIA. LIVERPOOL, August 8.
Breadstuffs generally quiet and steady. Flour quiet Beef firm. Pork tending upward, inferior qualities improving most. Bacon advanced 6d@ls. Lard active and alvanced 6d. Tallow steady at 40@42s. Sugar is firmer. Coffee quiet and steady. Petroleum steady. refined 21s 5d, crude 19s. London, August 8.

Breadstuffs quiet. Sugar steady. Coffee quiet and steady. Tea steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 8-P. M. Cotton firm with slight advance. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions firm. Bacon quiet and steady. LONDON, August 8-P. M. Consols closed at 92%@92% for money. Latest sales of Erie shares 70@71; Illinois 15@16 discount.

OFFICE OF QUARTERMATER GENERAL
FOR THE STATE OF KENTICEY.
FOR THE STATE OF KENTICEY.
FRANKFORT, July 16, 1863.

THE NUMBER OF CLAIMS AGAMNT THE GOV.
ernment of the United States, heretofore sent me
for collection, which I have been forced to return being
so great, and belie ving that my position will enable me
to collect them at a much less exp. use to the holder
than the discounts to which they have heretofore been
compelled to submit, I have now concluded to employ
in my office a competent person to audit and collect all
such claims as may hereafter be sent me. All Quariermaster's vouchers, Commissary's certificates. Pay and
Bounty due deccased sold ers, and claims of ail kinds,
will receive prompt attention.
Arrangeme ts will be made with Office's of the Government to secure prompt and speedy payment of such
claims.
Knowing that Lean thus benefit the citizene of the

WINES AND LIQUORS.—

WINES AND LIQUORS.—
50 boxes Claret, a spl-ndid article for table use;
25 boxes do in pints and quar's;
50 do Catawba, medium quality;
100 bbls Whisky, Bourbon and Rye;
50 bbls and % bbs Pa'e A e, warranted to keep;
For sale by

General Commission Merchants
au13

Main street, near First.

SUGARS.

100 hhds New Orleans, refilled hhds;

50 boxes Havana, clarified;

500 bbls crushed, powdered and granulated, con
sisting of Lovering's and New York standars
brands;

200 bbls soft \*Phite's A. & C.;

100 bb s Baltimore Yel ows No. 1;

K ANAWHA SALT.—5,000 BBLS CHOICE BRANDS
Kanawha Salt in store and for sale by

jy26 NEW FLOUR.—
25 bbls Fancy Flour;
36 bbls AXX Flour;
Also, the best Flour in % and % bbl bazs, at
A. FONDA'S, No. 305 Fourth st. R. H. J. GODDARD

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, Louisville, August 10, 1863. General Orders No. 41. I. The construction of military roads in the

tion of the country through which the reads

hinder and materially injure the cultivation of and the harvesting and gathering the crops for the subsistence of the country, it is ordered that when a citizen has but one male ncgro laborer he will not be impressed under this order. In case a person has more than one and not less than four, one is to be impressed. In case a person has four male laborers and over, one third of them are im-pressed by this order. V. Brig.-Gen. S. S. Fry is charged with the

pressed by this order at Camp Nelson, or such other place as may be directed, and have them subsisted as laborers in the Quartermaster's Department; requiring complete rolls to be kept, with the names of the negroes, their owners, and place of residence. VIII. All owners will be paid for the ser-

taken under this order will be delivered to their owners after the expiration of the time for which they are impressed.

IX. Brig. Gen. Fry is ordered to take imme-diate action for the execution of this order, and report to these headquarters the number of laborers collected, for information, that fur-ther orders may be issued to secure the quota of laborers required, and to distribute the im-pressment as equitably as practicable over the country to be mainly benefited by the pro-

WHEAT FANS

BEST QUALITY,

For sale wholesale or retail by

MILLER & MOORE,

PACKING BOX FACTORY Packing Boxes

TOBACCO BOXES. DRY KILNS FOR SEASONING LUMBER. Washington St., bet. Second and Third,

P. O. Box 527. LOUISVILLR, KY. D. GOODWILLIE & CO. OLD RELIABLE Cotton Express

TO EASTERN CITIES.

F. FABEL & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF

IN CONSEQUENCE OF IMPAIRED HEALTH, AND a desire for retirement upon a farm, I have disposed

all my old friends with punctuality in all their orders left with bim.

To my old friends who have patronized me for some thirty years, I tender my thanks, and will ever remumber them gratefully. All persons indebted to me will please call on Mr. Harris who is fully authorized to settle my notes and accounts, aull dIm

THOS. M. HICKS. FANCY TIN TOILET SETS, SEVERAL NEW

Styles; Fancy Zinc Water-Coolers, all sizes; Fancy Zinc Water-Coolers, all sizes; Wire Dish Cover, all sizes; Torrey's Four-Minute Ice Cream Freezers; Porcelain and brass Preserving Ket les; Charcoal Furnaces and Sad Irons; Coal Cooking Stoves and Ranges, latest patters; Wood Cooking Stoves, latest patters. Tin Fruit cans, all sizes, made to order.

A ful supply of the above articles kept constantly or hand and for sale at the lowest cash prices by WM. PYNE, aul5 dtf 332 M-in st. bet. Third and Fourth.

No. 142 Fourth st., between Main and Water, LOUISVILLE, KY.

LOUISVILLE, RV. SUNDRIES.—
200 S. C. Canvase I Hams;
1000 bs C. F. Side Bacon;
20 S; chests Fr o Fear;
30 boxes Hamburg Cheese;
30 boxes Star Candles;
40 boxes Summer pressed Candles;
10 boxes Summer pressed Candles;
10 boxes Summer pressed Candles;
10 boxes Corn Starch; in story and for sale by
au16

Butler's Ink. A FULL ASSO.TMENT OF SIZES FROM 1 OZ. TO 1 qt. bott'es, just received and for sale by aul2 d&w ORRIN RAWSON, 338 Main st.

SUNDRIES.— Starch, Madison Watts Co.;

Starch, Malison Wasses,
Sardines, in & boxes,
Starch's Refined Sugars;
Cotton Cards, A No. 1, in store and for sale by
Cotton Cards, A No. 1, in store and for sale by
MITCHELL & DRAN.
Main st., bet. First and Second. SUPERIOR TEAS.—WE HAVE JUST REceived a fresh stock of superior Black and
Green Teas, to which we in the attention.
J. LANHAM & CO.,
au8 "Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

H AVANA CIGARS.—WE HAVE AN ASSORTMENT of genuine Havana Cigars for s-le.

au8 Importers of Teas. &c., Third st. OYSTERS.—
200 cases Cove Oysters, 1 lb cans;
75 cases do do 2 lb cans;

Just received and for sa'e by fel3 NOCK. WICKS & CO., 315 and 317 Main st.

order piscing Lieut. Colonel Hauson, of the Twentieth Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, under arrest for the surrender of Lebanon, was issued under an entire misapprehension of the facts in the case, and he wishes to remove the impression the arrest may have occasioned, and to commend Colonel Hauson and his troops for their behavior on the occasion. This order to be read at the lead of the regiment.

By order of Major-General Burnside. Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

Military Orders-Ome al.

3. In justice to a gallant soldier, the Com-

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE OHIO, CINCINNATI, August 17, 1863.

Special Orders, No 306.

State being a necessity, by the order of the Major-General commanding the Department, six thousand laborers from the negro popula-

tion of the country through which the roads pass will be impressed.

II. The negro isborers will be impressed first from the following counties: Harrison, Bourbon, Scott, Clarke, Fayette, Woodford, Jessamine, Mercer, Boyle, Garrard, Lincoln, Marion, Washington and Nelson.

III. Male negroes from the ages of sixteen to forty-five, both inclusive, are subject to this impressment.

IV. In order that the impressment may not

execution of this order, and is directed to ap-point officers from the First division of the Twenty-third army corps to assist him, and to mploy citizens to take charge of said negro

employ citizens to take charge of said negro-laborers.

VI. The negroes hereby impressed are re-quired to be delivered by the owners at the points to be designated by the 20th of August, inst., or at such time thereafter as Brigadier-General S. S. Fry shall appoint officers or per-sons to take charge of them. Persons failing to comply with this order will have taken all their negroes of the ages designated.

VII. He will concentrate the negroes im-pressed by this order at Camp Neison or such

vices of the laborers, and at the expiration of each month proper vouchers will be furnished to the persons entitled thereto. The negroes taken under this order will be delivered to

posed improvement. By order of Brig. Gen. Boyle. au11 d10 A. C. SEMPLE, A. A. G

3) PREMIUM WHEAT FANS,

aul5 d&wlm Louisville Agricultural Works LOUISVILLE

Of all kinds and sizes made from seasoned Lumber, Particular attention paid to Planing, Resawing, and Seroll Sawing done.

Co I NE

Ky.

Having entirely new machinery, with the latest improvements, a long experience and practice will enable us to turn out as good articles, and sell them at as reasonable prices as any house in the West.

SO Orders solicited and promptly filled at the shortment of the control of the contr

N CONSEQUENCE OF MITABLE HEALTH, AND a desire for retirement upon a farm, I have disposed of my manufactory of 'tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron work, &c., to Mr. Li y-H Harris, who is most favorably known in this city and throughout the State as a most worthy and relable get tleman. Mr. ffarris has employed one of the best workmen in the city or State, and will meet

I. H. POINIER & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

A. FONDA,
DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES, TEAS, WINES,
BRANDLES &C., &C. No 305 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson,

Hemp.

10 TONS BALED HEMP RECEIVED AND FOR MUNN & CO., aul6

217 Main st., bet, Second and Third.

100 boxes bright work, in ms, %s and 5se 100 boxes bright work, in ms, %s, 5s and 10s 100 bcs superior Negro Head twist (the article for suffers).

50 cases %s in caddie. bright and black:
20 p.ckages small bright twist and Virginia Tobacco in ms, for sale y.

MITCHELL & DEAN,
au13

106 Main street, near First.

Reported Attempt of Lee to Flank

Gen. Meade.

The Rebels Throwing Up Earthworks.

Rumored Crossing of the Rappahannock by the Rebels Untrue.

Our Army in Readiness to Move at a Moment's Warning.

Demoralization and Insubordination of the Rebel Troops.

They Swear that they will Fight no Longer.

A Movement of the Army of the Potomac Momentarily Expected.

bread violating that order was subject to fine and imprisonment.

General Banks has issued an order regulating the charges to be made by steamboats and other vessels sailing between the ports of New Orleans and New York, and north to the Department of the Tennessee. The charges, for a cabin passage, are twenty-five cents for a berth and fifty cents for a meal; and deck passengers, to cat at second table, fifteen cents per meal. A Battle Evidently Going On Near United States Ford.

Demonstration by the Enemy on the Left of our Army.

their Arms. They Attack and Rout Stewart's

Desertion of Rebel Troops with

ferings of flour were in excess of the demand, and quoted at \$7.25 to \$8 for good to choice superfine, and \$8.50 to \$10 for extra.

Feed had declined to 90c per bushel for oats; \$1.50 per bushel for corn; \$2.50 per 100 lbs. for bran and \$40 per tun for hay.

Greenbacks sold at 1½ premium for currency, and 2 to 3 per cent. for exchange on New York. Gold was dull at 34 to 36, and silvar at 24 to 25 premium. Cavalry. West Tennessee Cleared of Guerrillas.

General Bragg Losses 10,000 by Desertion.

News from Nicaragua.

Gen. Banks and Staff Going North.

The assassins then approached, but not until the Captain, whose name is not given, and the citizen had escaped, and Capt. Alexander handed the leader his pistol, saying, "I surrender; I am your prisoner." The man took the pistol, and deliberately shot Capt. Alexander dead. Turning to Capt. Berry, who had also given up his pistol and surrendered, he is married if he was severely wounded. Being also given up his pistol and surrendered, he inquired if he was severely wounded. B-ing answered in the affirmative, he said: "Well, then, I'll finish you," and raised his weapon to shoot when his companion interfered. The robbers then plundered the dead and living of everything valuable, mounted their horses and left.

Constitutional Union Meeting in Rochester, N. Y.

New York, Aug. 17.

The Tribune's special says deserters report the movement of portions of Lee's army in the direction of Dunfries for the purpose of flanking Gen. Meade on the left. Scouts, however, report all quiet.

The repels are engaged in throwing up the repels are engaged The rebels are engaged in throwing up Unionists indiscriminately.

Part of Longstreet's corps is at United States Proper disposition of our forces has been

Preper disposition of our forces has been made to prevent any advance of the enemy. Every hing continues quiet.

The rumor that Lee had crossed a portion of his force over the Rappahannock has been proved untrue by our cavalry. Our army holds itself in readiness to move at a moment's notice, so that any attempt on the part of Lee to advance will be promptly met.

The following notice is published to-day:

"U S Squadron, Flag Ship Black Hawk, Cairo, Aug. 17—Vessels are now stationed at all points on the Mississippi on the way to New Orleans where there is any danger of being molested by guerrilas, and vessels need not wait for convoy. If convoy is requested it will be granted, if any guerrillas are on the river. Vessels at diff-rent points will notify transports and convox them past the danger. aivance will be promptly met. The Herald has the following:

The Herald has the following:

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Aug. 16.—
A contraband deserted from Lee's army yesterday and came within our lines. He reports that on Wednesday morning the whole of Lee's army, with the exception of a part of Hill's corps, moved from Culpepper Courthouse by the Fredericksburg road.

He also confirms the stories of the demoral-Lee's army, with the exception of a part of Hill's corps, moved from Culpepper Court-house by the Fredericksburg road. He also confirms the stories of the demoralization of the North Carolina, Tennessee and Aldhama troops. Those from North Carolina in Hill's corps have openly revolted and swear they will fight no longer. Mississippi troops are clamorous to be sent home.

The contraband deserter's story of movements of the rebel troops is fully confirmed

by reports from our scouts.

On Saturday a large force of rebel infantry and cavalry, with some artillery, made its appearance on the south bank of the Rappahan-

pearance on the south bank of the Kappanannock above Falmouth.

Another story is that they crossed at Frederickspurg Friday night, but I consider the
report of their crossing highly improbable.

The news from the front this morning is
cheering, inasmuch as it points to a termination of our term of non-action. We are
momentarily expecting an order to pull use.

The rebel loan was quoted on the 7th at
270025c discount. mentarily expecting an order to pull up 27@25c discount.

Liverpool, Aug. 8.—Cotton continues firm

Heavy firing was distinctly heard since 3 with an upward tenuancy; breadstuffs quie o'clock this morning in a southeasterly direction, apparently in the neighborhood of Banks' or U. S. Fords, or possibly as far away as Fredericksburg. The firing is rapid and constant. A battle is evidently going on. Large bodies of troops were moving yesterday, marching by rail, and that their advance has some with the argument state. A battle is evidently going on the subject of the next Presidential tation on the subject of the next Presidential. ROCHESTER, Aug. 18.
The constitutional Union meeting has convened. The object appears to be for consultation on the subject of the next Presidential come up with the enemy may safely be infer-red from the noise this morning.

NEW YORK, August 18. A Fortress Monroe letter to the Herald says: I am assured that Sumpter is in a bad plight. Our heavy and long range cuns are plight. Our heavy and long range guns are playing havoc on its walls, and it is stated people is contemplated. hat the side exposed to our batteries is already

A Washington special to the Herald says:

"This morning the enemy made a demonstration on the left of our army, and heavy cannonading ensued for some time. No intelligence concerning the results reached Washington to-day, but it is believed the movement was nothing more than a recompression in was nothing more than a reconnoissance in force, for the purpose of feeling our position. "Lee's army is reported to be moving in a southeasterly course, and there can be no doubt that the region about Culpepper and Gordonsville will soon be entirely evacuated by the enemy."
The Times' special says Marks, the deserter

A beautiful girl, Belie McCormick, who had just entered upon that sunny period of womanly life—eightsen summers—loyed, and was beloved by one to whom she had plighted her troth, and received in return the assurance of his manly and unalterable devotion. She resided with her mother on the corner of Fastided with her mother of the corner from Lee's army, came down the valley by way of Staunton, Harrisonburg and Strasburg. He saw but few troops on the way.

Imboden was at Strasburg. He had two brigades of cavalry and two batteries of artillery. The fight at Saickersville was between detached portions of different recitween detached portions of different regiments,
The Georgians and North Carolinians de-

tracked Stuart's cavalry at Snicker's ferry, touted them and succeeded in getting to the Northeraers.

Marks saw about one hundred soldiers—
Representation of the state of th serted, bringing with them their arms. They attacked Stuart's cavalry at Snicker's ferry, routed them and succeeded in getting to the

Northeraers.

Marks saw about one hundred soldiers—Georgians, North Carolinians, Alabamians and Texans—on their way home, having openly deserted.

The Blue Ridge Mountains are alive with stragglers and deserters, who have their arms with them. So numerous are they that in traveling along the mountain side they have actually made a path.

The Provost Guards stationed along the route are afraid to interfere with them, on account of their numbers, save when traveling alone.

Advices received to—night from the army of the Potomac state that artillery firing was heard early this morning in the direction of Dumfries, supposed to have been occasioned by our cavalry engaging Stuarts who has a small force of his cavalry in that neighborhood.

CINCINNATI, August 18.

The "Commercial's Cairo dispatch says: West Tennessee is cleared of guerrillas.

Col. Rowett, commanding brigade that went North, captured Col. Campell, 231 Tennessee, ten captains, two lieutenants and thirty privates.

Col. Hatch, of the Second Iowa, went to Paris, and drove out Richardson and Bille's and Wilson's guerrillas.

Col. Hatch, of the Second Iowa, went to Paris, and drove out Richardson and Bille's and Wilson's guerrillas.

The First Alabama cavalry returned to Glendale with ten prisoners.

The Eighteenth Missouri captured one Captain and toree privates in the vicinity of Rip-lev.

Glendale with ten prisoners.

The Eighteenth Missouri captured one Captain and three privates in the vicinity of Rip-

Bragg is at Chattanooga with 25,000 men.
He lost 10,000 by desertions.
The gunboat Cincinnati has been raised,

and is now undergoing repairs at Vicksburg.
Gov. Shorter, of Alabama, issued an address
to the citizens of that State, urging upon them
the impressment of claves into the Confede-

A BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.—When the summer of youth is slowly wasting away on the nightfall of age, and the shadow of the past becomes deeper, and life wears to its close, it is pleasant to look through the vista of time upon the sorrows and felicities of our carliest years. If we have a home to shelter, and hearts to rejoice with us, and friends have been gathered around our fresides, then the rough places of wayfaring will have been worn and smoothed away in the twilight of life, while the many spots we have passed the Central American States.

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

MEMPHIS, August 15.

The Tempest has arrived from New Orleans, with advices to the 9th inst.

# The army under command of General Banks can now be considered in summer quarters. General Banks is at New Orleans, but it was runned that he was color banks. Lots for Sale.

but it was rumored that he was going home in a few days. His staff are to accompany him. General Weitzel occupies the Teche 105 FEET AT THE HEAD OF CANAL, JUST BE-foundry or manufactor y. The ground is high. 200 feet on High street, north side, just above the several fine Building Lots, on the Portland Railroad, etween Eighteen h and Nineteenth's rects, two Lots on Twelfth street, near Monroe, Two Lots on Twelfth street, near Monroe, Several Lot, on Monroe street hear the Canal. Several Lot, on Monroe street, Per Land. Apply to One Lot on Front street, Per Land. Apply to JEFF, BROWN, Court Place.

h'm. General Weitzel occupies the Teche country, in General Franklin has superseded General Dudley in command at Baton Rouge. General Andrews continues in command at Port Hudson. The health of the troops, taking into consideration the season of the year, with the weather, is tolerable.

Gen. Herron is still two miles below Port Hudson, at Mouot Pleasant Landing. His troops are in good health and spirits. But little is known of the movements of the rebels in the country back of the Mississippi. The river on both sides is being depopulated of white men and negroes suited for the field. Portions of Mississippi, back of Natchez, near Hamburg and Kugston, which have never been visited by the conscription before, are now nearly laid waste. Every man capable of bearing arms is either conscripted. Horse and Rockaway for Sale. A SAFF FAMILY HORSE AND Rockaway for sale at a bargal, Rockaway for sale at a bargal, Apply at E. Barrow's stable, on Third street, between Market and Jefferauls di

Farm for Sale. I WILL SELL MY FARM, IN BULLITT

counts, near Cane Spriors, 2 miles from

boom's, and 2% fr m Arlo d's Stations, on

the ardstown Branch Railroad, containing 241% acres,
about 75 or 80 acres cleare: and in good condi ion for
cultivation; the remainder abounds in the very best of
timber, Yellow Pop ar in abundance from 2 to 5 feet
through, spl ndid for shingles and i lank White and
B ack Oas, Ash Sugar Tree, &c., &c. Four never-failing springs, all convenient and suitably located for
stock. Good fencing and moderate buildings. Exempt
from railroad tax.

Fur further particulars pleave address or inquire of
the subscriber, near Giendale, Hardin county, Ky., or
william Hart, adjoining the farm.

aul4 die\* before, are now hearly laid waste. Eve y mar-capable of bearing arms is either conscripted or drafted. Those who can go to Natchez do so, and at once place themselves under the protection of Gen. Ransom. About 200 men, who had fled from the iron rule of conscrip-tion, arrived at Narchez in one day, and took the oath of allegiance. They were mostly from the line of the Jackson and Mobile Rail-

On the 7th inst. an order was issued in New

silver at 24 to 25 premium.

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

Thursday evening as a party, consisting of Capt. Alexander, Capt. Berry, another Captain, a soldier and citizen, were going from Germantown to White's Station, on the Mobile and Charlesion Railroad on a hand car, they

were fired up in by some persons secreted near the road, and all but one seriously wounded. The assassins then approached, but not until

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

The following notice is published to-day:

The Asia, from Liverpool on the 8th and

Queenstown 9th, passed here, Sunday evening, with two days' later news. England,

France and Austria have agreed to send a com-

mon note to Russia.

An iron-clad building in England for Russia

has been hurried off incomplete.

Paris Bourse excited—rentes declined %.

It is reported that Russia declines meeting

campaige, and of organizing in the different

The old Whig Bell Everett election repre

omber romance. The facts are briefly these

young girl with the hopeful yet timid expectation of an expectant bride.
Unfortunately, one of those lover's quarrels, which sometimes intervene to cloud the

preceding night, and, in a paroxysm of jeal ousy and despair, had rushed upon a suicide's

We will draw a vail over the suffering and

remorse of the unhappy man; and for the mother, only a mother's heart can realize her woe.—[Exchange.

A BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.-When the sum-

with the German kings.

people is contemplated.

CAIRO, August 17.

CAPE RACE, Aug. 18.

Memphis, August 15.

FOR SALE. On the 7th inst, an order was issued in New Orleans, placing the price of bread at twenty cents for fitty-three ounces, and five cents for thirteen ounces. Any broker or dealer in bread violating that order was subject to fine and imprisonment.

General Banks has issued an order regulated of the complexity of the com

For Sale. FARM, NEAR O'BANNON'S DEPOT, ON the Louisville and Francfort Railroad, containing Three Hundred and Thirty-Five Acres. Two Hundred and Fifty Acres well set in grass This is one of the best watered and timbered Farms in heighborhood. Fine young Orchard and a splendid

Spring, Address M. G. STEWART, O'Bannen's P.O., jy22 Jefferson county, Ky, The Albert Pearce arrived at New Orleans The Albert Pearce arrived at New Orleans on the Sth, and was advertised to sail for St. Louis with the mail on the 10th.

Oa the arrival of the Pearce, potatoes were active at \$8 to \$9 per bbl, after which they declined to \$4 50. A few sales of cotton were made on the Sth at 53 cents—about 400 bales.

Super was dull at \$10 91/c for common, 101/c for common for the Sth at 53 cents—about 400 bales. My RESIDENCE ON THE NEWBURG ROAD, about three miles from the city, containing ten acres with comfortable buildings of all kinds, the acres with comfortable buildings of all kinds, a quantity of beautiful shrubbery, a variety of choice fruits, good string and spring-house, fish pond with lasting spring to supply it; on he most pleasant road from the city, neighborhoods be very best; it is one of the most convenient and beaatifully arranged places in the country. Apply to me on the premises.

CH. J. MENG. Sugar was dull at 9 to 91/2 for common, 101/4 to 103/2 for fair, 11 to 11/2 for fully fair to prime. Small sales of moiasses at 375/2 of ferings of flour were in excess of the demand,

#### WANTED.

A PARTNER, WITH FROM \$2,000 TO \$2,500 CASH, to take an equal share in a very profitable established Manufacturing business, doing an excellenttrade. For particulars address "Box 1,219, Louisville, Ky." auls d6 Wanted,

LMPLOYMENT, BY A PRACTICAL BOOK-KEEP, e., who wishes to make himself generally useful to a manufacturer, Contractor, or Commission Merchant, aul8 de R. STANBERY, Louisville.

WANTED. ERGETIC AGENTS TO CANVASS FOR THE ISTORY OF THE GREAT REBELLION, by Hoo. 1. T. Headley, the most reliable, attractive and powerful Historical Writer o' the age. First volume now ready. Agents are meeting with unparalleled success. Over 100,000 copies already sold- Circulars giving all necessary information in regard to the work. Terms to Agents, &c., mailed free. Call on or address.

(2. M. DUNN & CO., Publishers, 42 Fourth street, corner Walnut, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED. ENTS TO SELL OUR GREAT UNEQUALLER
RIZE AND STATIONERY PACKAGES, contain
object of stricks, and accompanied by a magnifi
box of Jewelry, from which each purchaser car
a prize to suit themselves. The articles contained
ackag could not be purchased elsewhere for \$1. not be purchased elsewhere for \$25 cents. Agents eas ly clear \$15 permoney-making business. Circuian C. M. DUNN & CO., Cincinnati, O., and Chicago, Ill.

#### STRAYED & STOLEN.

Strayed or Stolen, ROM THE COMMONS, SOUTH OF Broadw y, a large sorrel HORSE, about years old, the right hind foot was swollen om the hoof up, was marked U S C. \$15 ward will be paid for his delivery to me. LOUIS JUNG, Corner Eighteenth and Jefferso

DR. J. H. MGLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL Blood Purifier.



system, and restoring the sick, sunering, a sed INVALID to HEALTH and STRENGTH, M'LEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSY, JAUNDICE, OVER A MILLION OF BOTTLES

No language can convey an adequate idea of the in

PITTSBURG, August 18.
River 3 feet 7 inches by the pier mark and stationary. Weather clear and cooler. MARRIED PERSONS,

or others conscious of inability, from whatever cause rill find McLean's Strengthening Cordial a thorous generator of the system; and all who may have in tred themselves by improper in dulgences, will find i nis Cordial a certain and speedy remedy. A Tale of Love, Jealousy and Suicide. It is our painful duty, as a chronicler of passing events, to lay before our readers a local tragedy, which, in its sad and distress-ing denouement, might furnish the plot for a TO THE LADIES.

MCLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL Is a severeign and speedy cure for INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, WHITES,

ucted or Difficult Mensir ation, Inconfinence of the Involuntary Discharges thereof, Falling of the b, Giddiness, Fainting, and all Diseases incident to THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT.

Suffer no longer. Take it according to directions. It stimulate, strengthen and invigorate you and cause he bloom of health to mount your caseks again. sided with her mother on the corner of East Front and Collard streets, and, as we learn, the happy day that was to unite the lovers had been set, and was looked forward to by the EVERY BOTTLE IS WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION. FOR CHILDREN.

If your children are sickly, puny, afflicted. McLean's lordial will make them healthy, fat and robust. Delay of a moment, try it, and you will be convinced. not a moment, try it, and you will be convinced.

IT IS DELICIOUS TO TAKE.

CAUTION—Beware of Druggists or dealers who may try to palm upon you some Bitter or Sarasparilla trash, which they buy cheap, by s. ying it is just as good. Avoid such men. Ask for McLean's Strengthening Cordial, and take nothing else. It is the only remedy that will purify the blood hor sughly, and at the same time strengthen the syst.

One tablespoosful taken every morning, fasting, is a certain preventative for Cholera, Chills and Fever, Yellow Fever, or any prevalent disease. It is put up in large bottles.

arge bottles.

Price only \$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5.

Sole Proprietor of this Cordial,

Also McLean's Volcanic oil Liniment.

Principal Depot on the corner of Third and Pine sts.,

St. Louis. Mo. St Louis, Mo. For sale by Geo. H. Carv, Pfingst. & Bro., Wilson & Peter, and every respectable dealer in the country. au12 d&w3m

Notice of Dissolution. THE LATE FIRM OF GUY & CLARK WAS DISsolved on the 1st day of July, 1883. By consent of
parties A. F. Clark will close the business of the firm as
financial agent, and may sign the firm name in liquidation,
B. GUY.
and d&nim
A. F. CLARK.

A. F. CLARK, MERCHANT MILLER, 228 & 230 Market st., bet. Brook & Floyd,

LOUISVILLE, KY. PLOUR IN SACKS AND BARRELS, AND OFFAL for sale. The highest cash price paid for Wheat and Barrels.

GLASS FRUIT JARS,

2000 POUNDS SEALING WAX AT MANU-LIVERY AND SALES STABLE THE UNDERSIGNED, LATE OF THE FIRM OF Shockency & Moody, will continue business at the oid stant, as heretofore, in all its branches. Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended, as a member of the old firm, he trusts by strict care and attention to receive a tiberal share under the new arrangement, mhl dtr

Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools. SCYTHES, SNATHS, CRADLES SICKels, Grass Hooks, Rakes, Hoes, Fork. Axes,
tones, Saws, Chisels, Gouges, Malets,
Maus, Shovels, Spades, 1raps, Knives,
Forks Spo ns, Ladles, Washers, Coff. e and Corn Mills,
ccissors, Shears, Thimbles, Needles, &c., &c., wholesale
and r-tail, by
my21

A. McBRIDE, 221 Third street.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE

Company, OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

ON THE 30TH DAY OF JUNE, 1863, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF THE STATE OF KEN

The name of this Company is The Republic Fire Insuance Company, incorporated in 1852, and is located the City of New York. CAPITAL. The Capital of said Company actually paid up in Cash, is. \$150,000 00 up in Cash, is. 233,775 86

Total amount of Capital and Surplus. . \$353,275 86 ASSETS. . 

Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission.

Amount of unincumbered Real Estate owned by the Company.

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first len of record on unincumbered Real estate with at least \$400.000, and on which there is less than one year's interest due and owing.

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages on which there is due more than one year's interest due has no experienced the summer than the property of the 5. Loans on Bonds and Mortgages on which there is due more than one year's interest. Loans on St.eks and Bonds of Institutions incorporated by the State of New York, payable on demand (the market value of securities pledged being \$2-).

All Loans made by the Company not included in preceding items.

Stooks and Bonds of Institutions is corporated by the State of New Yors, owned by the Company. rated by the State of New Yors, owned by the Compay.
Interet ac rued but not yet due.
Preudums due and uncollected on P. licies is ued.
Bills Receivable for Preudums.
Assessmuts on the Sock of the Compuny celled in, and duy, and unpaid, or Premium Notes due and unpaid.
Amount due the Compuny, on which judgments have been obt ined.

LIABILITIES. Amount of Losses adjuited, and due and Amount of Lo-ses incurred and in process
of adjustment of adjustment.

Amount of Lesses reported, on which no action has been taken.

Amount of Claims for losses resisted by Amount of Caims for losses accessed the Compan
Amount of Dividend or Capital declared
and due, and uppaid.
Amout of Dividend on Serip, declared
but not yet due or unpaid.
Amount of money borrowed.
All other existing claims against the Com-

Totalam't Losses, Claims and Liabilities \$6,810 00

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND GOUSTY OF NEW YORK.

SE

Robert S. Hone, President, and Duncan F. Curry, Sectetary of the Republic Fire Insurance Comeany, being severally duly sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the aff irs of the said Company, and that they are the above described officers hereof. going is a true, it is and correct so of the said Company, and tha cribed officers thereof.

ROBT. S. HONE, President,
D. F. CURRY, Secretary. Subscribed and swo:n to before me, this 28th day of July, 1863.

[Seal] THOS. L. THORNELL. Notary Public.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, KY., Aug. 1, 1803.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of
the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my
and, and affixed my official seal, the day and ear above written.
GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

R. A. BROWINSKI, Agent, pro. tem., At the office of the Franklin Insurance Company, corner Main and Bullitt streets, over Commercial Bank, auls d12

The Safest and Cheapest Insurance. The Naiesi and Cheapest Insurance.

B. D. HENNELD E'S

INSURANCE OFFICE,
413 Main street, between Foorth and Fifth, Dulance's
Building, over D. O'Hare's Trank Store.

A Brille AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE FOLLOWA ing named safe, reliable, and justly popular Insuranc Companies, insurance swill be wade on Lives and
eve y descript on of property at fair rate.

A the division of an insurance risk among several
Companies is c. arded as safer and roore prudent than
a large amount in any one Compar's, I would respect
fully solicit a portion of the business of my friends and
the public. Losses promptly are satisfactorily settled.
Proofs of losses and adjustments made at this office
WITHOUT CHARGE on all policies issued at this
Agency.

Mutual Life Insurance Company, 0.000. All the profits are divided on the mutual system every

Continental Insurance Company,

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

Washington Insurance Company, Fulton Fire Insurance Company,

NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus \$250,000. Lafayette Fire Insurance Company. Cash Capital and Surplus \$175,009.

Home Insurance Colling Colling

#### REMOVAL. **BOURLIER & COCHRAN** Have removed to their large New Store,

No. 215 Fifth street, nearly opposite their old stand. WHERE, WITH INCREASED FACILITIES, THEY will continue to keep on hand a large stock of everything in their line, particularly

Cooking and Heating Stoves, Plated and Britannia Ware, Housekeepers' Hardware, French & English Japanned, Enamelicd and Pressed Ware, Refrigerators and Water Coolers, Which they offer at reasonable prices for cash,

Particular attention paid to ROOFING, SPOUTING GUTTERING, and all km so of outdoor work. BOURLIER & COCHRAN, 215 Fifth st., (Cotton's Block), bet. Main & Market, 1e17 d2m. J. N. WILLARD & CO.,

PLUMBERS Gas and steam Fitters, No. 309 Green street, bet. Third and Fourth,
HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE AS-PLUMBING AND GAS FIXTURES, &C.,

Hydrauts, Buth Tubs, Shower Buths, Washstands Water Closets, Copper Boilers for Hot Water, Sheet Lead, Lead and Iron Pipe, Cietern & Well Pomps of every description, Brass Cocks and Steam Valves of all sizes. MANUFACTURED AT THE LOUISVILLE GLASS
Works, and for sa e at our office, on Second st.;
between Main and Market.
J. A. KRACK & CO.

2000 POUNDS SEALING WAX AT MANUand Gas on reasonable terms.
A large asso tment of Chandeliers, Brackets, Pendand reprozed. ALL WORK WARRANTED. [au9dtf]

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST and most approved Cooking and Heating STOVES. The leading wood Stoves are the free Kentuckian, Chermer, Pell can, and P Jimetto. The Coal Stoves are the Allicater, Chi fash and Starlight. Talso Keen an assortment of Brass Kottles, Enameled and Percelain Ware, Smoothing Yons, Tin Plates, pressed Can Tous and Bottoms, Coffee Mills and all other articles usually found in such establishments. Also, manufacturer of Fruir Cans, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Wars, all of which I will sell at the lowest cash prices el. her at wholesale or retail.

MEDICAL

DR. JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND

The Latest and Most Important Dis covery of the 19th Century.

DYSPEPSIA. And its attendant train of symptoms, it ac's more lik charm than a medi ine. There is nothing in the wh range of the Materia Medica, that can for a mom-bear a comparison with it in this disease. as the cutton of the U. S. Dispensatory, pages 1837 and 1838.

A series of experiments in which Dr. Bull has been for years engaged has just been brought to a successful termination, and he is now entolled to offer to the public a combination of Cedron with other approvat torics. The whole preserved in the best quality of copper-distilled Bourbon whisky, which he is confident has no equal in the world.

He misch urrish a volume of certificates, but the public have long since learned to estimate such things at their true value. The safest plan is, for every one to test for himself the virtues of a new medicine. Give the

Cedron Bitters, for which the Codron Bitters are a specific.
In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS,
LIVER OR KIDNEYS;
In all affections of the BRAIN DEPENDING
UPON BERANGEMENT OF THE STOMACH
OR BOWELS;
In GOUT, RHEUMATISM AND NEURAL-

In GOUT, RRISTMATISM AND NEURAL-GIA;
And in FEVER AND AGUE;
It is destined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures these diseases, but it prevents them.
A wine class fall of the Bittyrs taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill effects of the most unhealthy clumate, and screen the person taking it against disease under the most trying exposure.
Sold by Druggists and Groen grey generally.

Chartered by the Legislature of Hr. For the Cure of all Private Diseases, JUST PUBLISHED-PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS A MEDICAL REPORT,



mage or enjosity. The Consulting Surgeon, who is a regular graduate fone of the first institutions of the country, and of wreexperience in the treatment of Venereal Diseases will give his personal attention to office patients durag any hour of the day or evening. Consultations and examinations strictly private and free charge. OFFICE—No. 31 Fifth street, between Market and effereon, west side.

W. W. BROWN'S Mothers' Friend or Female Regulator. Henses, and painful Mensi uation. It acts as a specific for weakness of the Broast and Back, cisenses of the sidneys, and Nervousses of the System. This cordial sidneys, and Nervousses of the System. This cordial sidneys, and Nervousses of the System. This cordial regards of the System of the System of the Foundation of the System of the System of the Bood. The above can be had at all the Brus Stores, this orders sent by moil will be premptly attended to. Overstreet's genuine Linament. None genuine with-ut the signature of W. W. Frown on the top of each sox, I is a specific or Rheumatism. Brown's Balsam of Indian Turnip, one of the best emedics out for Whoop ng Cough, Coughs, Colds, Asth-na and Pulm, many Affections. Brown's Electric Pain Kliter, for all kinds of Pains, nternal of external. W. W. BROWN, E. M. D. RAYMOND & TYLER, Agents,

304 FOURTH STREET

# REDUCTION IN DRESS GOODS.

FIGURED ORGANDIES AND JACONETS; PRINTED LINEN LAWNS; MOZAMBIQUES in great variety NEAT CHECKED SILKS in all colors; CHECKED AND EMB'D ENGLISH BAREGES; SPRING CHINTZES; FRENCH LACE POINTS; FRENCH LACE MANTLES will be sold at greatly

We are receiving-PINK AND BUFF JACONETS; BLUE AND PINK PERCALS; PLAIN AND CHECKED NAINSOOKS: PARIS SWISSES; MULL MUSLINS; SOFT FINISHED JACONETS: IRISH LINENS AND KENTINGS; BAJOU'S BLACK AND COLORED KIDS QUAKER HOOP-SKIRTS; LACE MITTS; BALLARDVALE AND GAUZE FLANNELS; GAUZE AND DOMET FLANNELS; . 3-4 AND 6-4 BLACK DELAINES; LUPEN'S BLACK BOMBAZINES: BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS;

> MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH Office of JAY COOKE,

MARSEILLES AND ALLENDALE QUILTS:

Gen'l Subscription Agent for 5-20 Loan, No. 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA

MOMMUNITIES AND CAPITALISTS NOW CONTEN

SCYTHES SNATHS. CRADLES SICK.

cls, Grass Hooks, Rakes, Hoes, Fork. Axes, Clouds, Saws, Chiledt, Gouges, Mailets, County merchants and dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Spades, Taps. Knives, Mailets, Washers, Coff. a and Commills, Scissors, Shears, Thimbles, Needles, &c., &c., wholesale and estail, by my21

A. McBRIDE, 221 Third street.

Buther's "ARDWARE, COOPERS: CARPEN. Carpenters' Tools, &c.

PULLDERS "ARDWARE, COOPERS: CARPEN. Carpenters' Tools of the latest and most improved quality, for sale wholesale and retail by my21

A. McBRIDE, 221 Third street, and Broadway, wholesale and retail by my21

A. McBRIDE, 221 Third street, and Broadway, wholesale and retail by my21

A. McBRIDE, 221 Third street, and Second. The highest price paid for 6-d iron nd copper Operation of the National Banks, and the necessary steps to be taken. Printed documents relative thereto will be furnished, at Washington, on april arion to Hon. Hugh McCullough, Comptroller of the Treasury, or by the undersigned. JAY COOKE, Subsciption Agent for 5-20 Loan, 1925 down 114 So ath Third-street, Philadelphia.

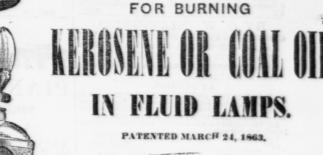
Corporation of the Michael Street, 1821 Market st., bet. First and Second.

EXTRA BRAND FAMILY FLOUR. Subsciption Agent for 5-20 Loan, 1925 down 114 So ath Third-street, Philadelphia.

COFFEE.—100 BAGS PRIME RIO COFFEE JUST 1925 down 1925 down

SIMPLICITY AND ECONOMY COMBINE

TISDEL & NASH'S Patent Attachment



WHAT THEY SAY OF IT. A VALUABLE INVENTON.—One of the best, and at the same time, most simple contrivances for burning Kerosene Oil in a common fluid lamp. It is so simple that any child can apply it, and it will burn Kerosene Oil in any fluid lamp without even changing the wicking. It is one of the neatest bings that has come under our notice, and is destined to become very popular with all who use it. It burns the Oil perfectly, with no smoke, and will save many times its cost in a few months, and for portable or night lamps it appears to be the ne plus uitra.—(Syracuse Courier and Union.

be the ne plus ultra.—[Syracuse Courier and Union.

[From the Scientific American.]

It accomplishes the object very perfectly, and dispenses with the annoyance and expense of the inconvenient chimney. A free and steady Ight, without smoke, is obtaired, when a good q, ality of oil is used. The invention co sists in applying the metallic burner, to the tube of the Lamp the burner is simply slipped over this, and can be easily adjusted to any fluid lamp; thus equipped, coal oil can be burned in it as readily as fluid. The burner should be allowed to proved above the top of the tube a distance equal to the diameter of it, or about 3-16 of an inch; and the wiags, compoing the attachment, must be separated, so as to allow the disjoin to be just equal to the size of the tube. These lamps are very convenient for household purposes, as they can be carried in the hand in draughts or currents of air without being extinguished.

"It is an adm rable invention, and effects the purpose in the simplest possible manner. These burners are coming into universal use."—[Rochester Daily Union.

"It is a very slow," a contribution. "It is a very simple contrivance, and entirely effectual, and has a rapid and extensive sale,"—[Express,

Other journals speak in like terms, and the most flattering testimonials ago eing constantly received from agents and others as to their efficiency and economy; in fact they have earned for themselves a wide spread reputation The article never fails to commend itself to all who see it in operation.

Per dozen, in quantities less than 1 gross... Per gross, do do 10 do ... Liberal Discounts made to Agents and Dealers. Orders f r any amount promptly executed. TERMS-Cash on delivery.

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer, Watertown, N. Y. C. W. CHATFIELD. Sole Agent for Kentucky,

### 731 Main st., south side, between Seventh and Eight SAND'S CHICAGO CREAM



LOUISVILLE, KY. PHILO M. CLARK, Agent.

Constantly on Hand, ALE IN BBLS, HALF BBLS, KEGS AND BOTTLES, THOS E. WILSON.

WILSON & PETER. [SUCCESSORS TO WILSON & STARBIRD.]

-AND-AND DEALERS IN

DELEGE BY BUT BUT BE WO GET COO GET CO No. 416 Main St., Louisville, Ky AGENTS FOR THE LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS.

IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE. (OLD-ESTABLISHED SADDLERY WAREHOUSE.)

Mo. 435 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth, LOUISVILLE, KY.



PATENTED MARCH, 1860. To which was awarded

The Grand Medal of Honor At the United States Fair, 1860. THIS SEPARATOR WAS FIRST INVENTED AND brought into use in 1888. It is an improvement on what was formerly known as "Pitts" Patent Separator. We have now over five hundred of them in use, and wherever introduced they take the lead of all others. They have takes the premium at nearly all the Fairs where exhibited.

J. D. BONDURANT, Sole Agent, Louisville, Ky.

I have room to give but a few testimonials of the mai fattering letters received by me, from the g eat numb-hat have purchased. Send for a circular. Mr. J. D. Bendurant: The Eight-horse Steam Thresher and Cleaner bought of you, is given up by all to be the best in this county. I have threshed 800 bushels pelay, and am well pleased with my machine.

J. B. WOOLFOLK.

STEEL AND CAST PLOWS, CIDER MILLS, CORN SHELLERS. STRAW CUTTERS, RAILROAD BARROWS.

TAR WHEELS, FLAX WHEELS, LOOMS,

J. D. BONDURANT,

CROPPER, PATTON & CO., PRODUCE BROKERS Commission Merchants,

Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth street. AT WHOLESALE. FEED AND GRAIN.

PRODUCE.

LIQUORS. FINE WINES, LIQUORS, BOURBON & RYE WHISKY ALES, VINEGAR, &c., on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

CONSIGNMENTS CROPPER, PATTON & C Nos. 143 and 145 East F

Sorgum Sugar M

Farmers and Merchants, MALL AT OUR FOUNDRY, SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, and see s Mill, which we do not hesitate to say will give bet-satisfaction and has more points of excellence than other Mills combined.

PRICE.....\$75. LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS,

Vapor Baths.

Opp. Bank of Louisville, old stand of G. W. Bashaw, aul5 dawtf 322 Main st. bet Third and Fourth.





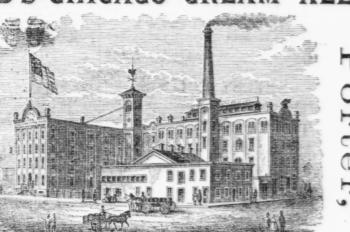






DESCRIPTION OF CUT.

A sample burnet will be sent free per mail on receipt of 25



NO. 122 FOURTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND RIVER,

(ESTABLISHED IN 1817.) ABTHUR CLIEB

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS, GLASSWARE, TOBACCO, SNUFF

W. H. STOKES.

AT ERUHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO EXAMINE
1VI stock before making their purchases. Orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person.

LARGE SUPPLIES OF HAY, CORN, OATS, RYE AND SHIPSTUFFS always on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., No. 15 and 145 East Fourth st.

FLOUR. GREEN AND DRIED PRUITS, POTATOES, BUTTER, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO, Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st.

THE GREAT WESTER

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERN.

Th's mill is heavier than other mills of the same sizes and the extra weight is placed at points so as to prevent the possibility of breakage, and all the brass journal-boxes can be taken out, cleaned, repaired, oiled, &c., and repliced with ut the least trouble of taking the mill to pieces (as is the case with all other mills which have not t is i-provement). The simplicity and nea ness, combined with strength, speaks for tself. And all who have used this mill do not hesitate in saying it is the best mill in use.

For full particulars address

For full particulars address

Main street, bet. Tweith and Thirteenth, je21 dtf

ELECTRO CHEMICAL BATHS